



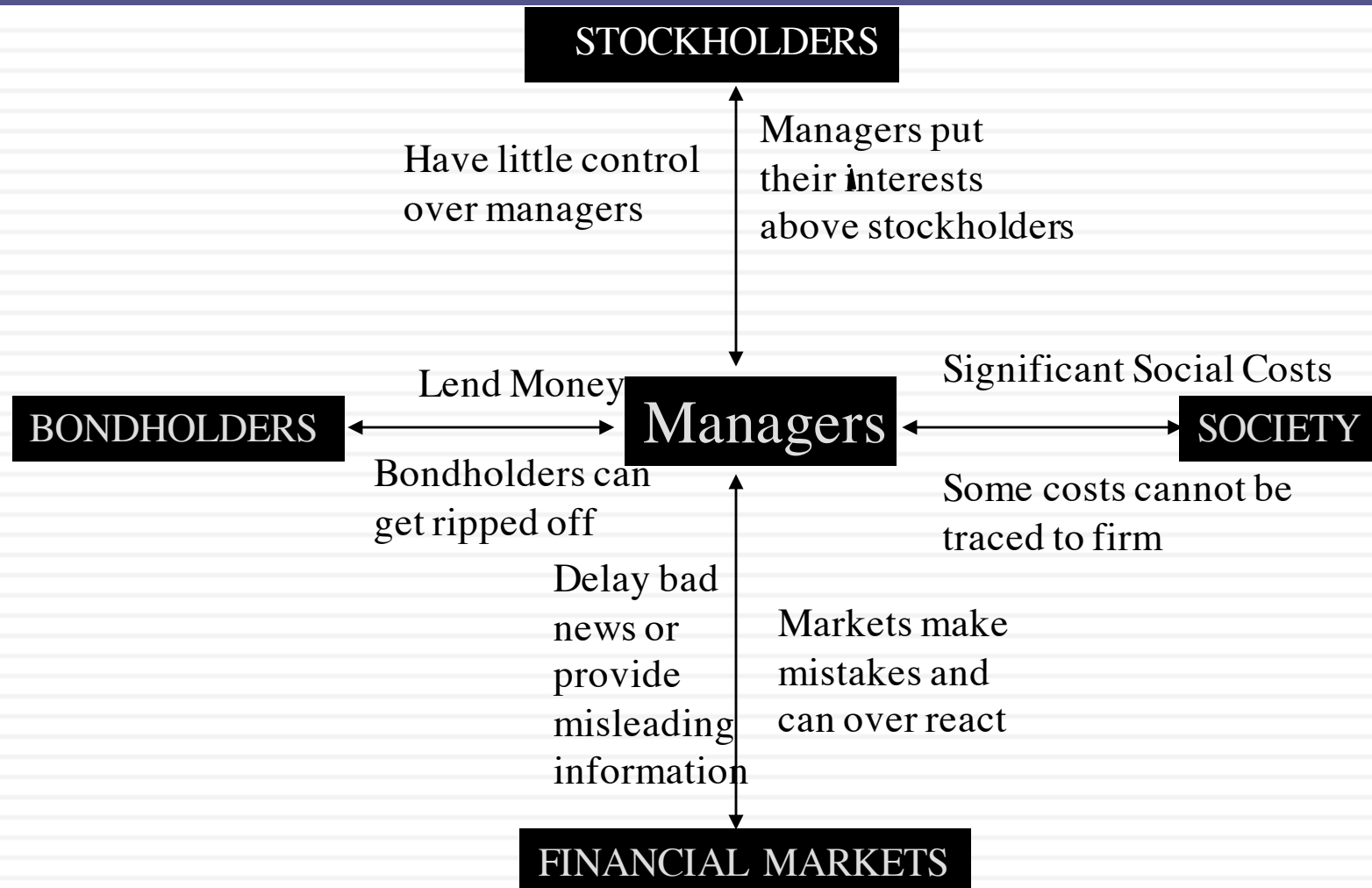
CORPORATE FINANCE: SPRING 2016

Aswath Damodaran

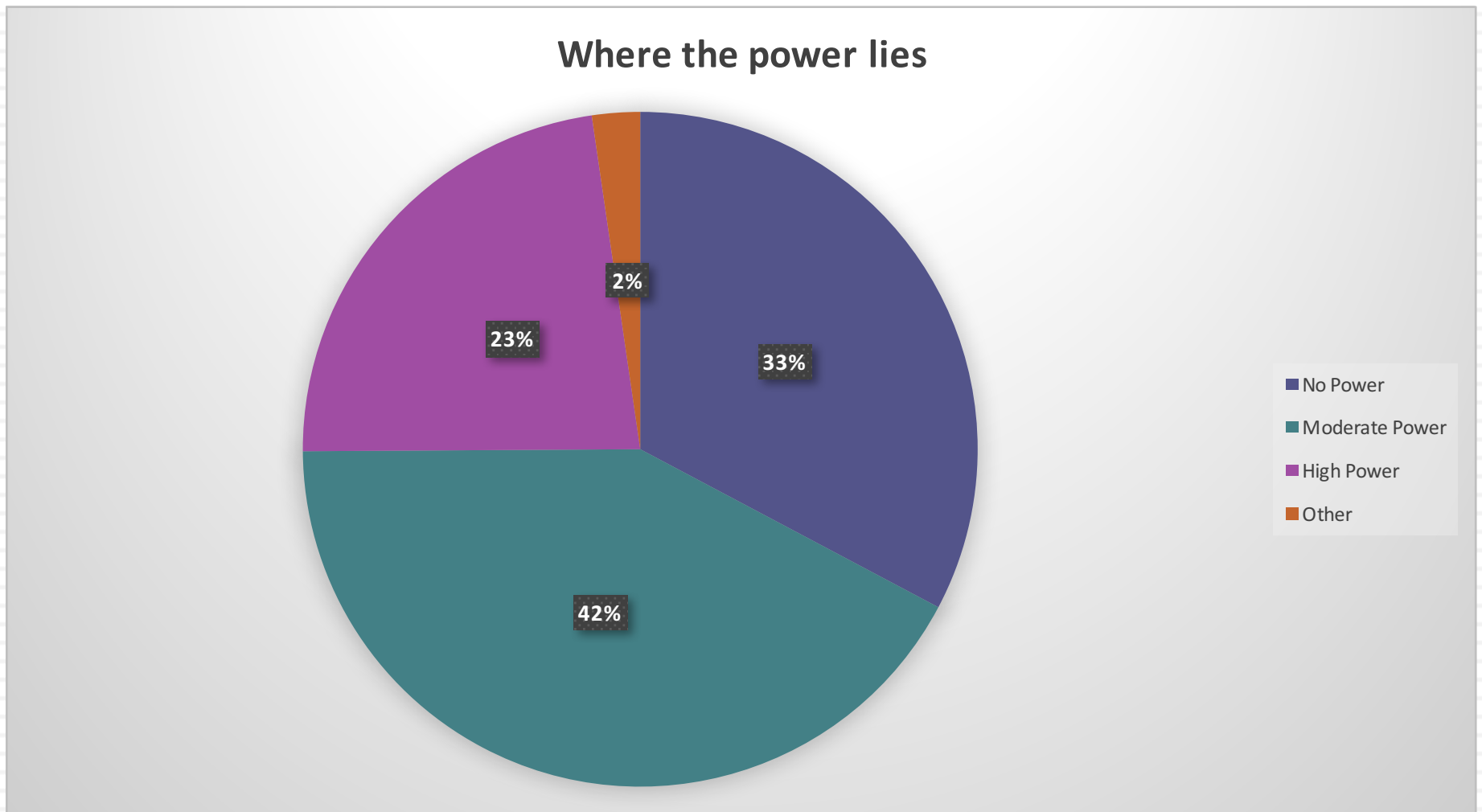
Ponderous Thoughts, or maybe not

1. There are few facts and lots of opinions.
 - a. Even the givens (cash & risk free rate) are not.
 - b. With accounting and market numbers, all bets are off.
2. The real world is a messy place.
 - a. Money making firms can become money losers
 - b. Companies can be restructured/ given facelifts
3. Models don't compute values and optimal paths.
You do.
4. Change is the only constant. Everything changes all the time.

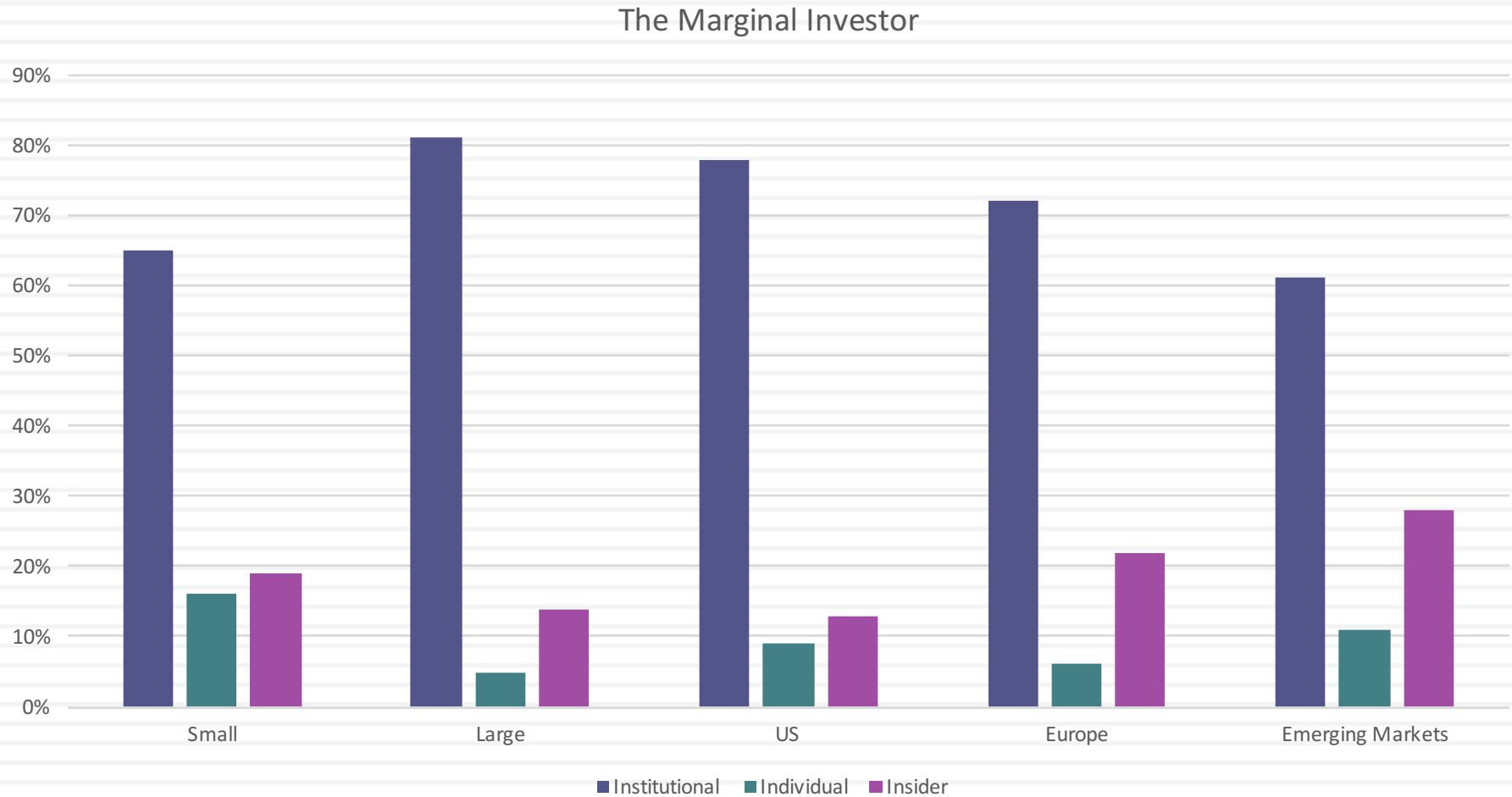
The Breakdown in the Classical Objective Function



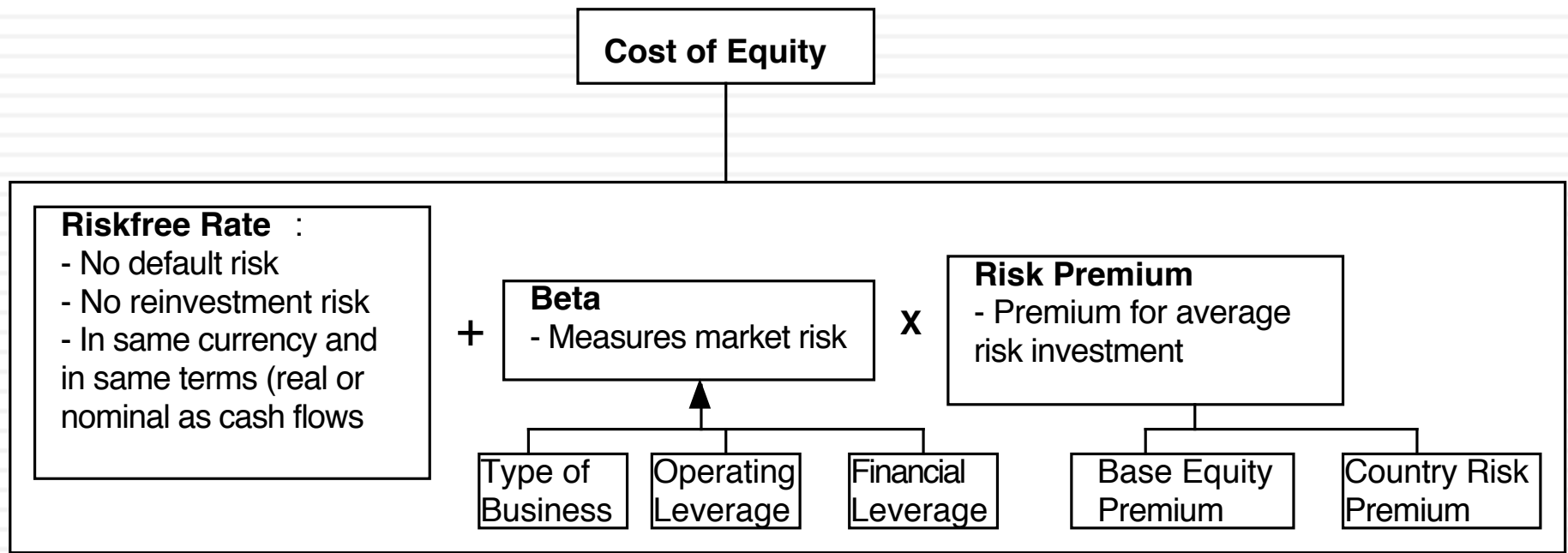
I. Where does the power lie?



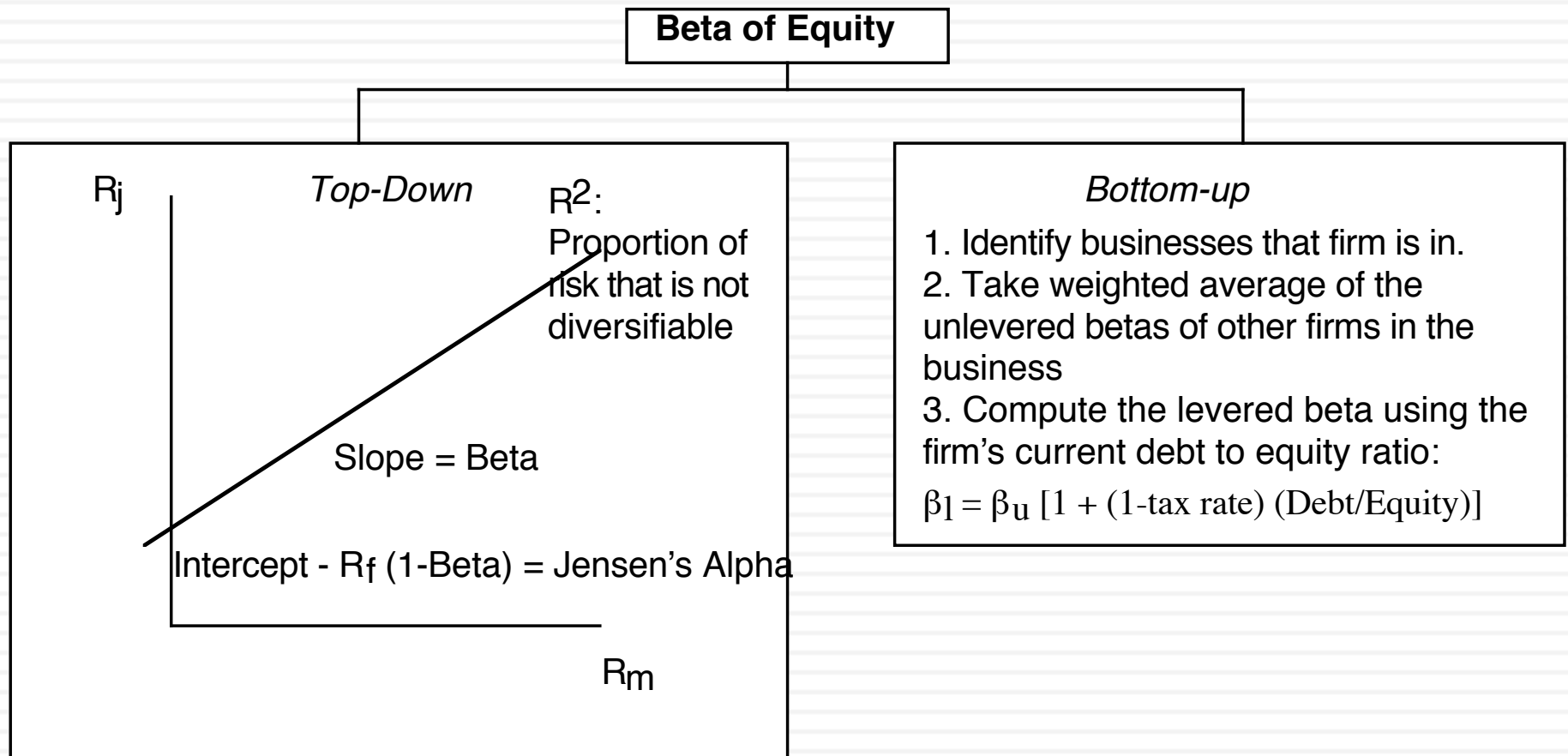
II. Who is your marginal investor? From Spring 2015



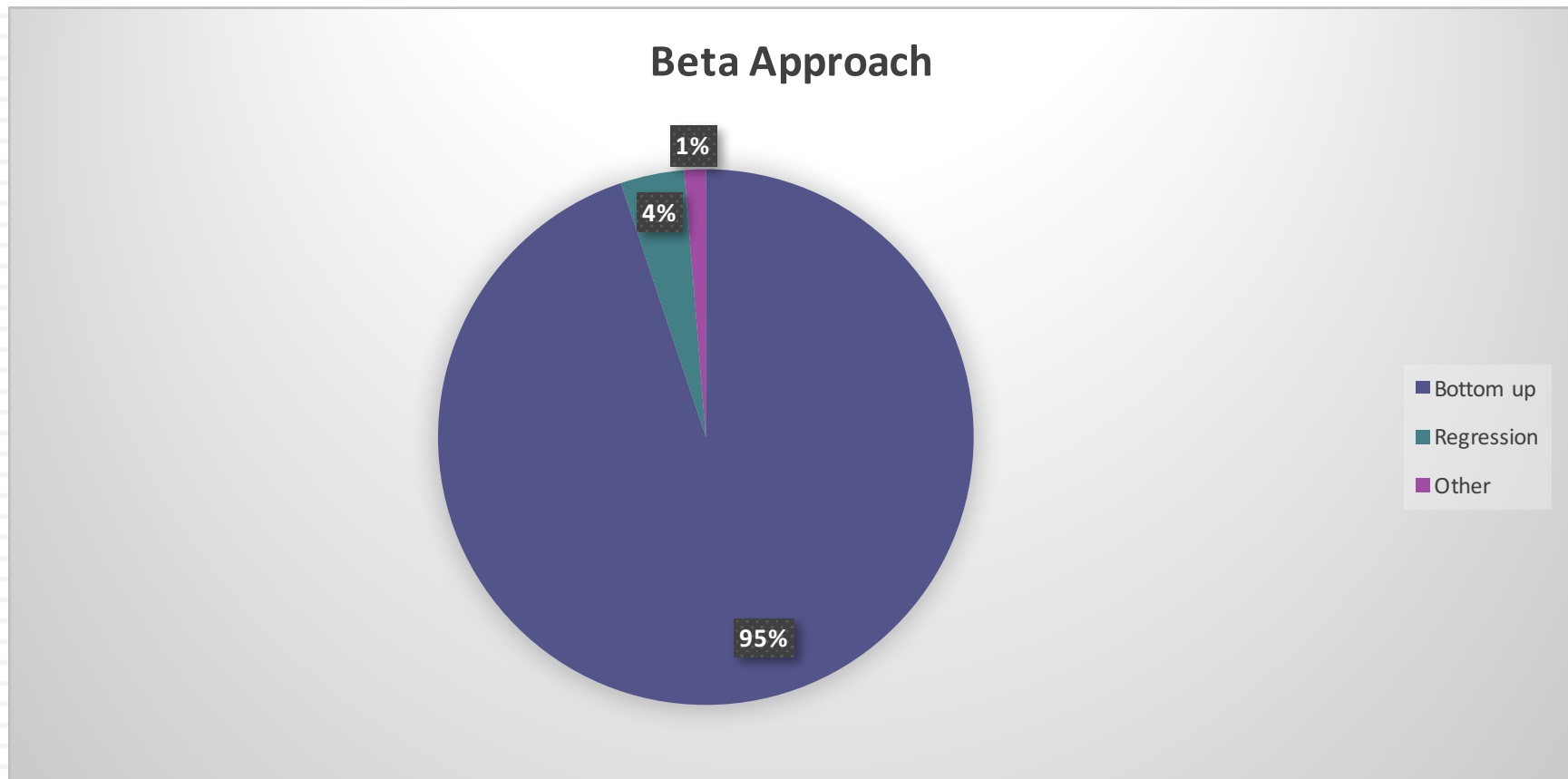
III. Risk Profiles and Costs of Equity



Beta: The Standard Approach



Your choice on beta approach

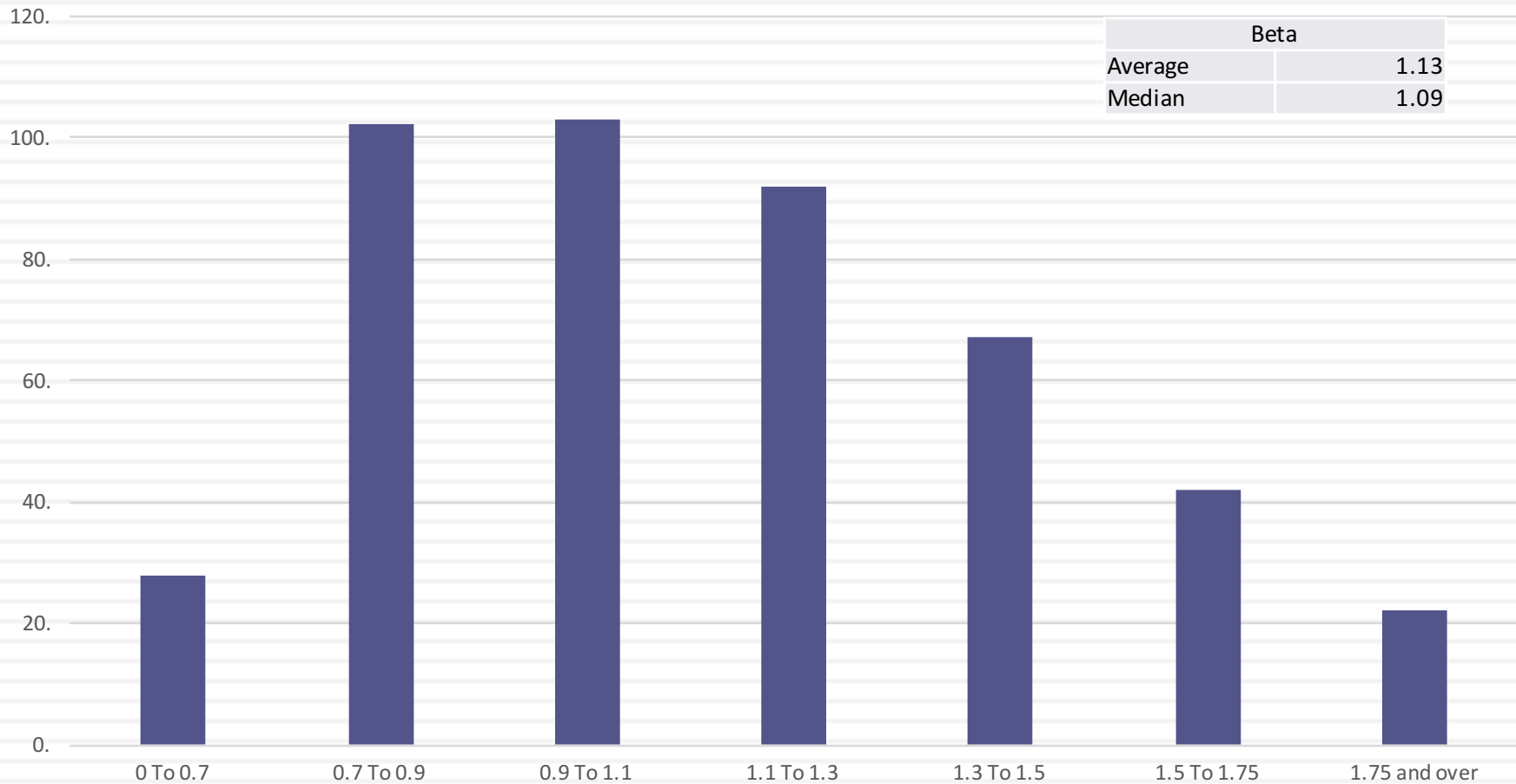


Typical reasons

1. My company is unique. I cannot find comparable firms.
2. My company is in only one line of business
3. My bottom-up beta is too different from my regression beta

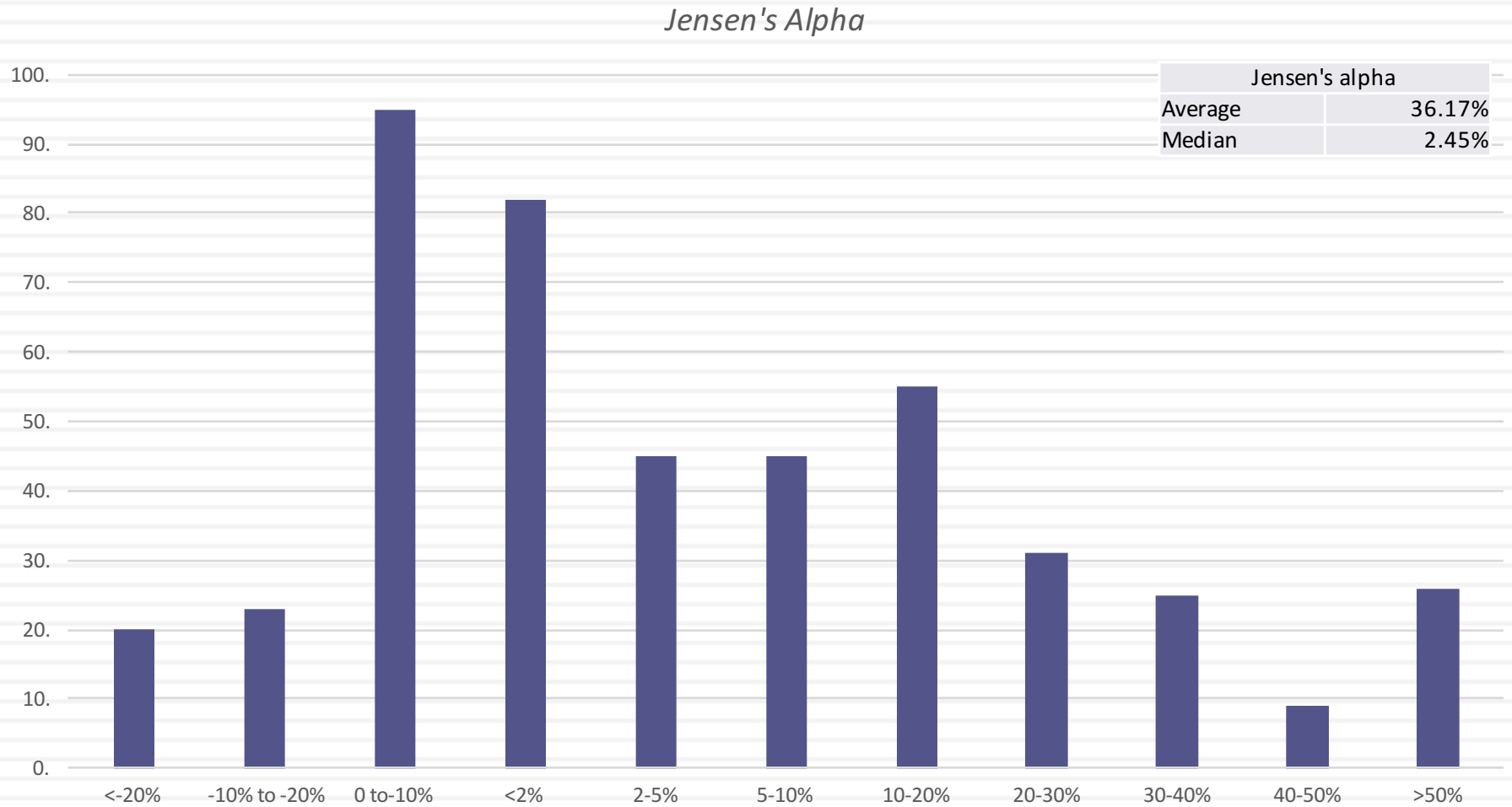
Beta Distribution

Betas across your companies

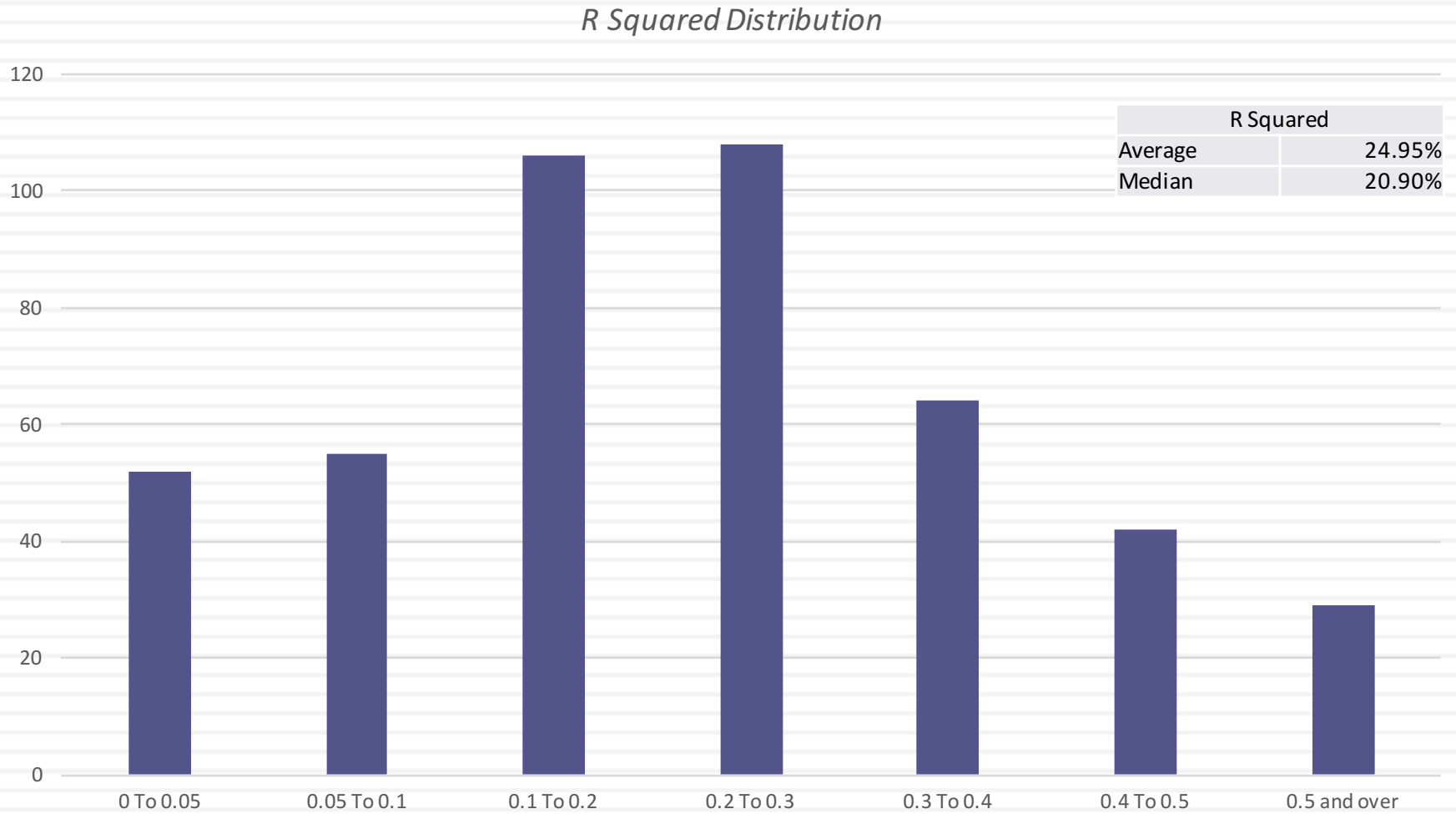


Beta	
Average	1.13
Median	1.09

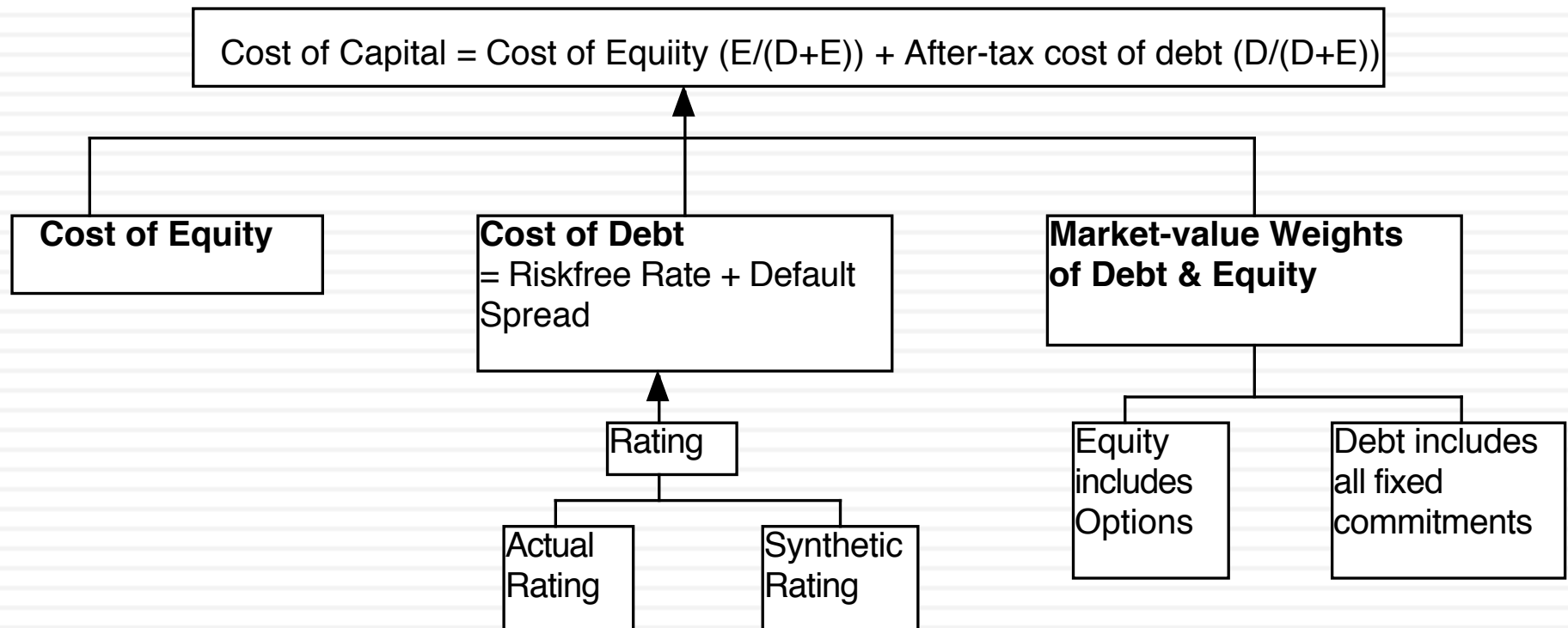
Jensen's Alpha Distribution



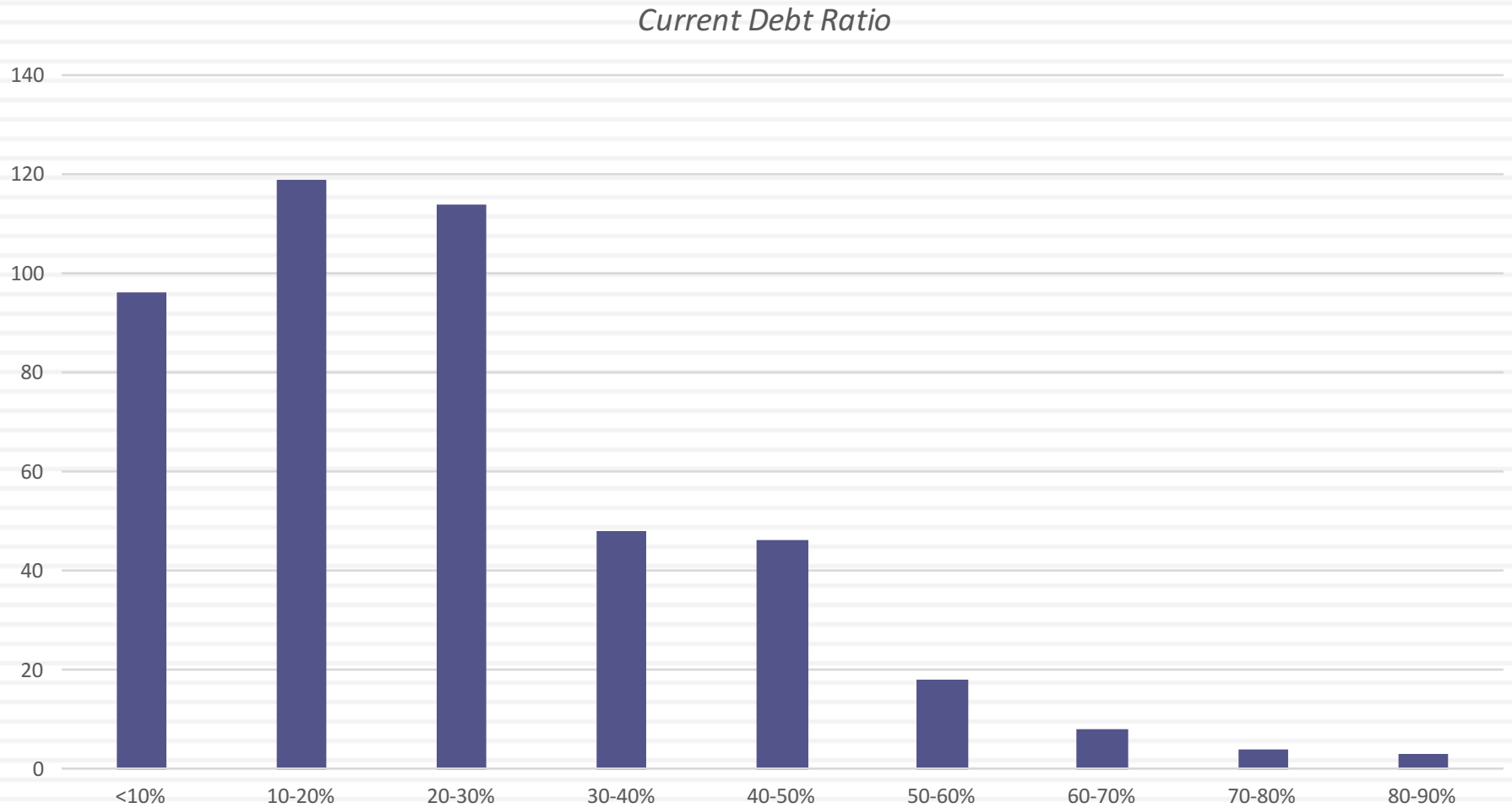
R Squared



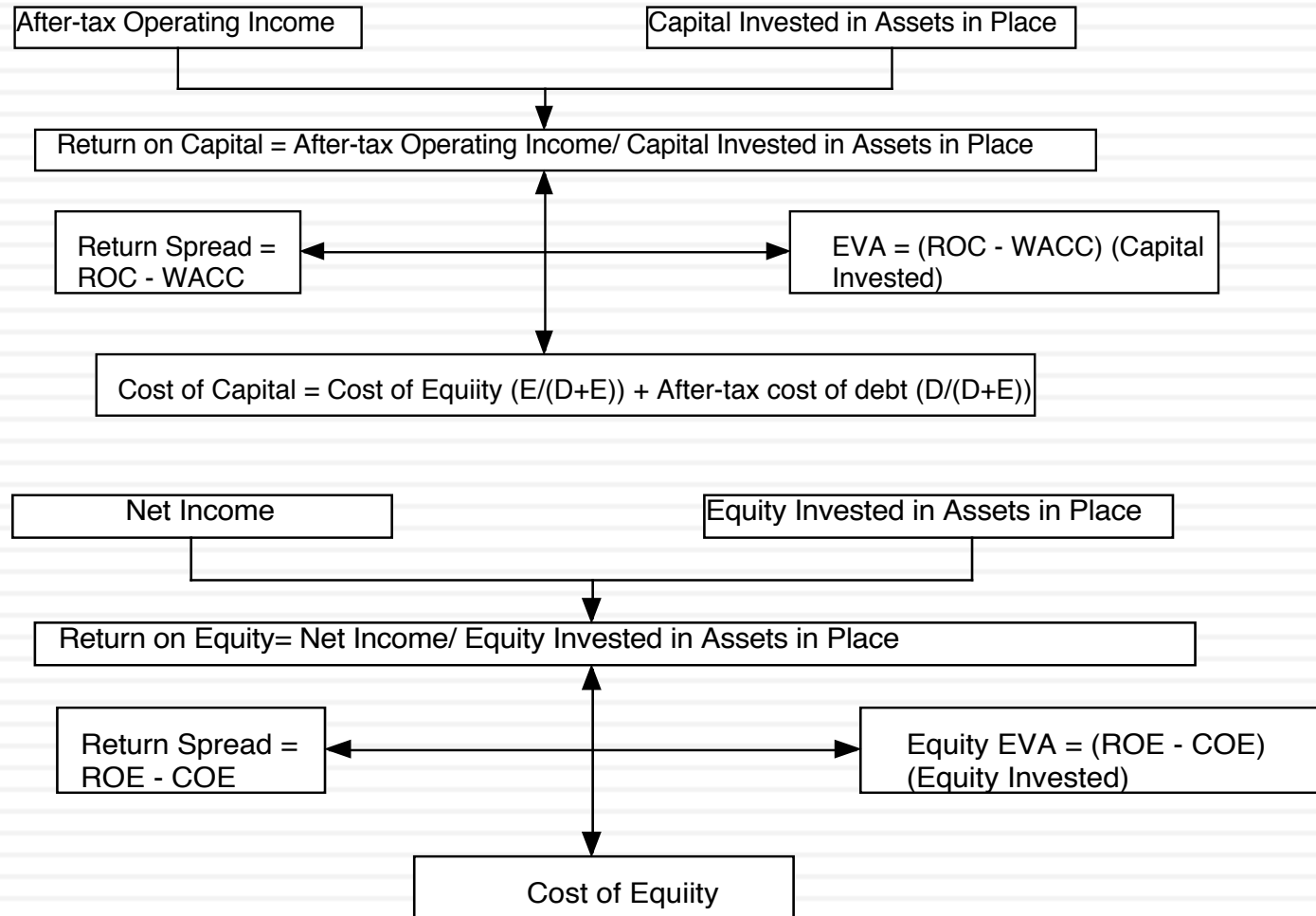
Cost of Capital



Distribution of Current Market Value Debt Ratios

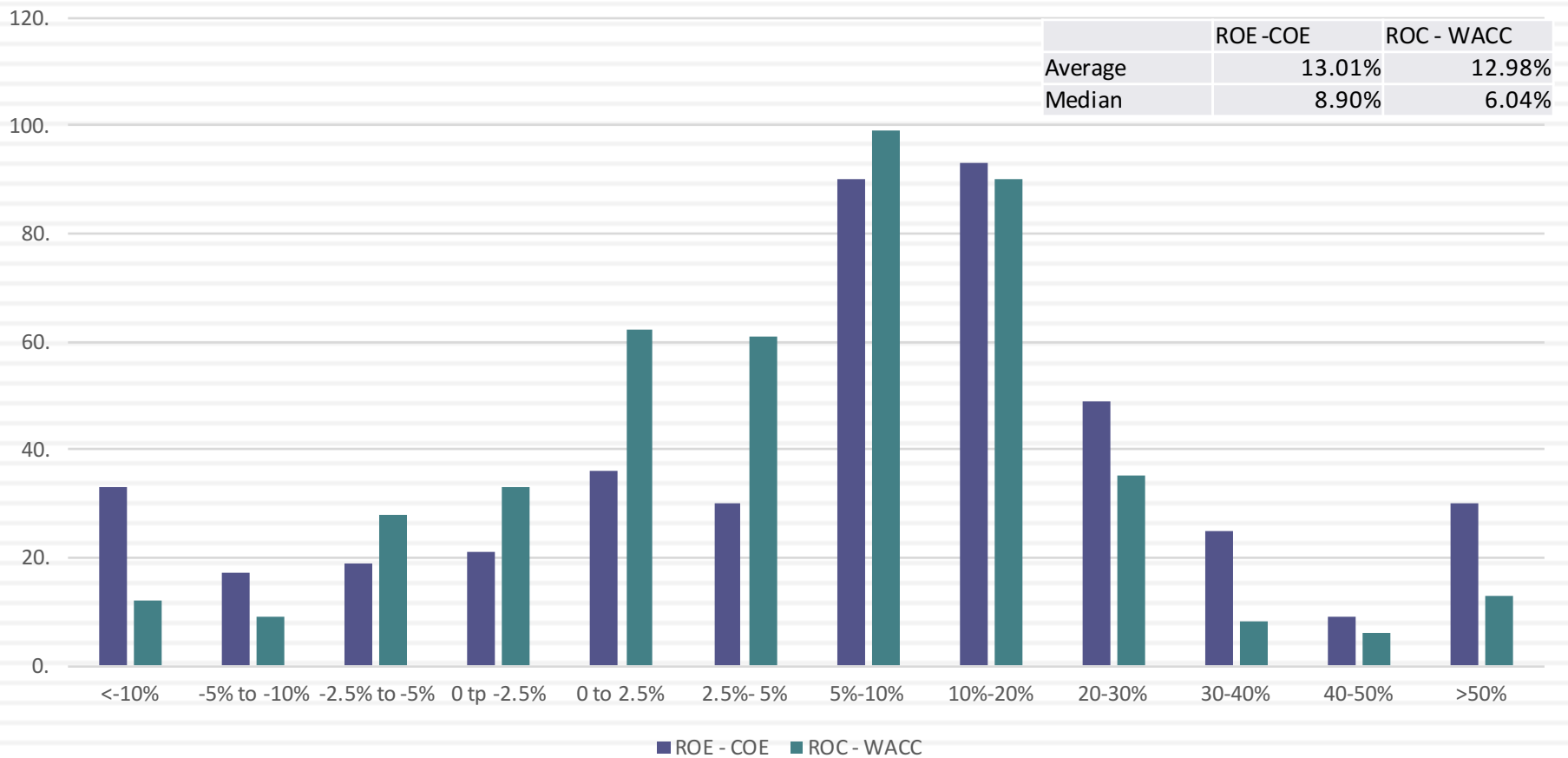


IV. The Quality of Investments: The Firm View



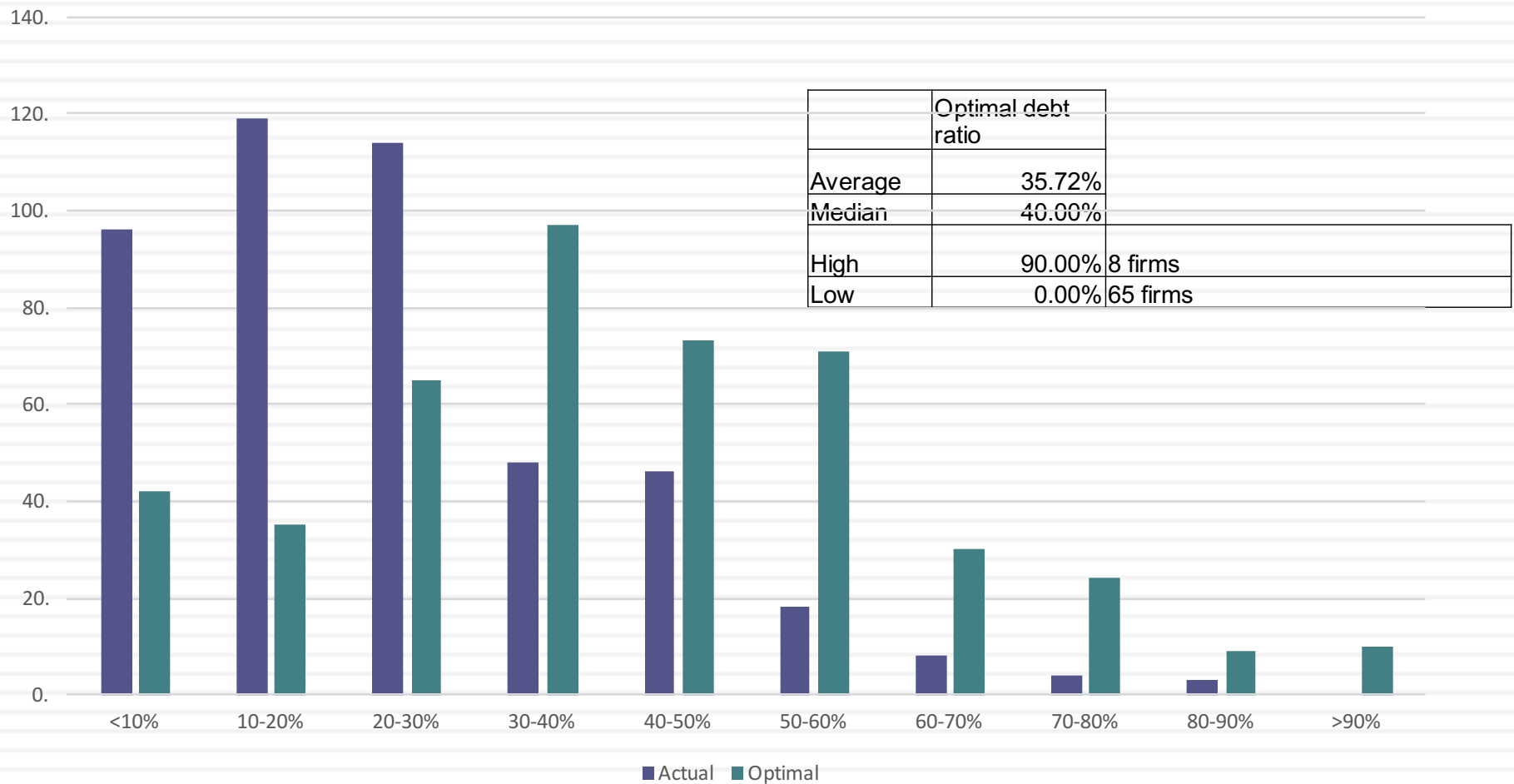
Return Spreads

Excess Returns across Companies



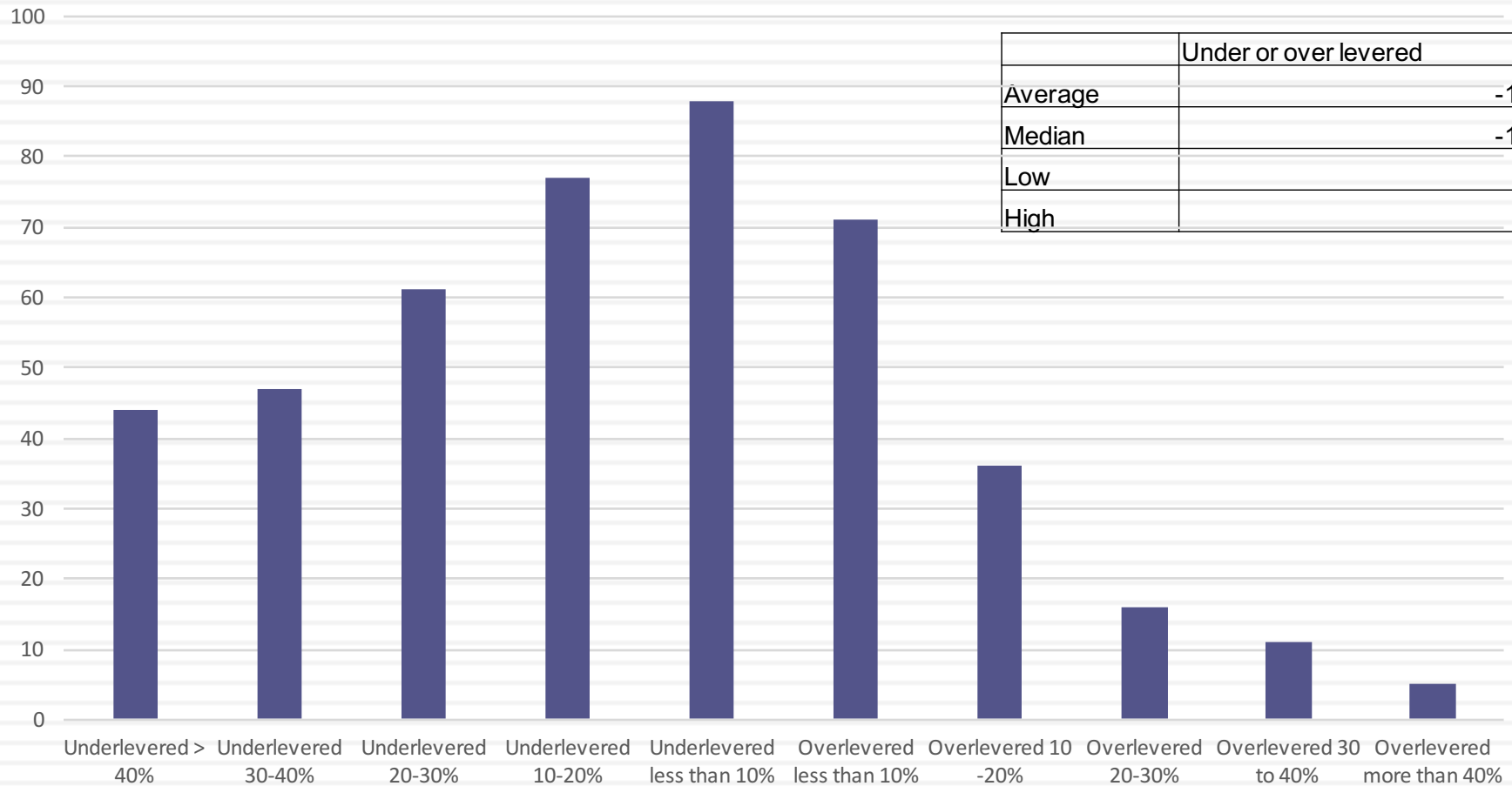
VI. The Optimal Financing Mix

Actual and Optimal Debt Ratios



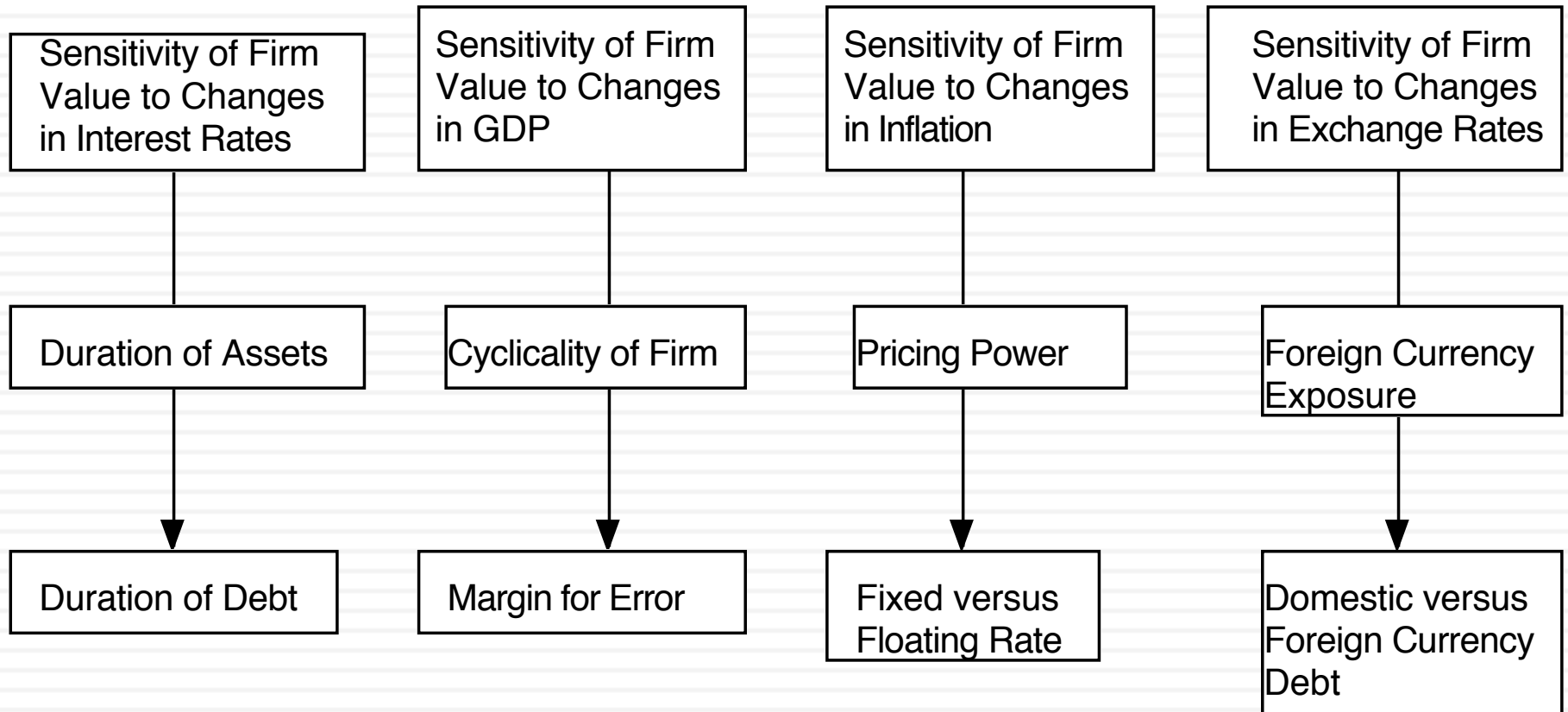
Under versus Over Levered Firms

Under and Over Levered firms

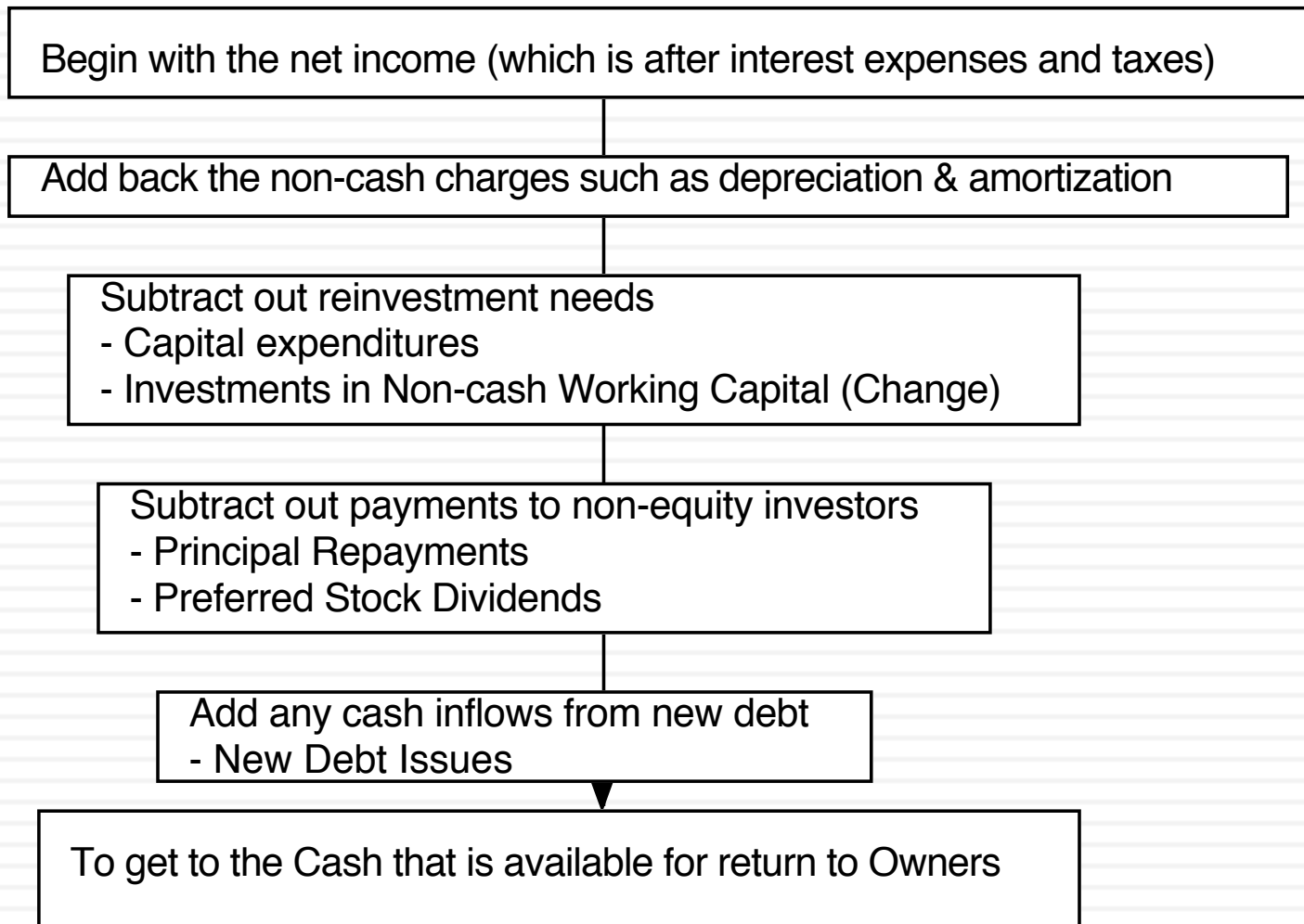


	Under or over levered
Average	-11.80%
Median	-10.08%
Low	-90%
High	+68%

VIII. The Right Kind of Financing

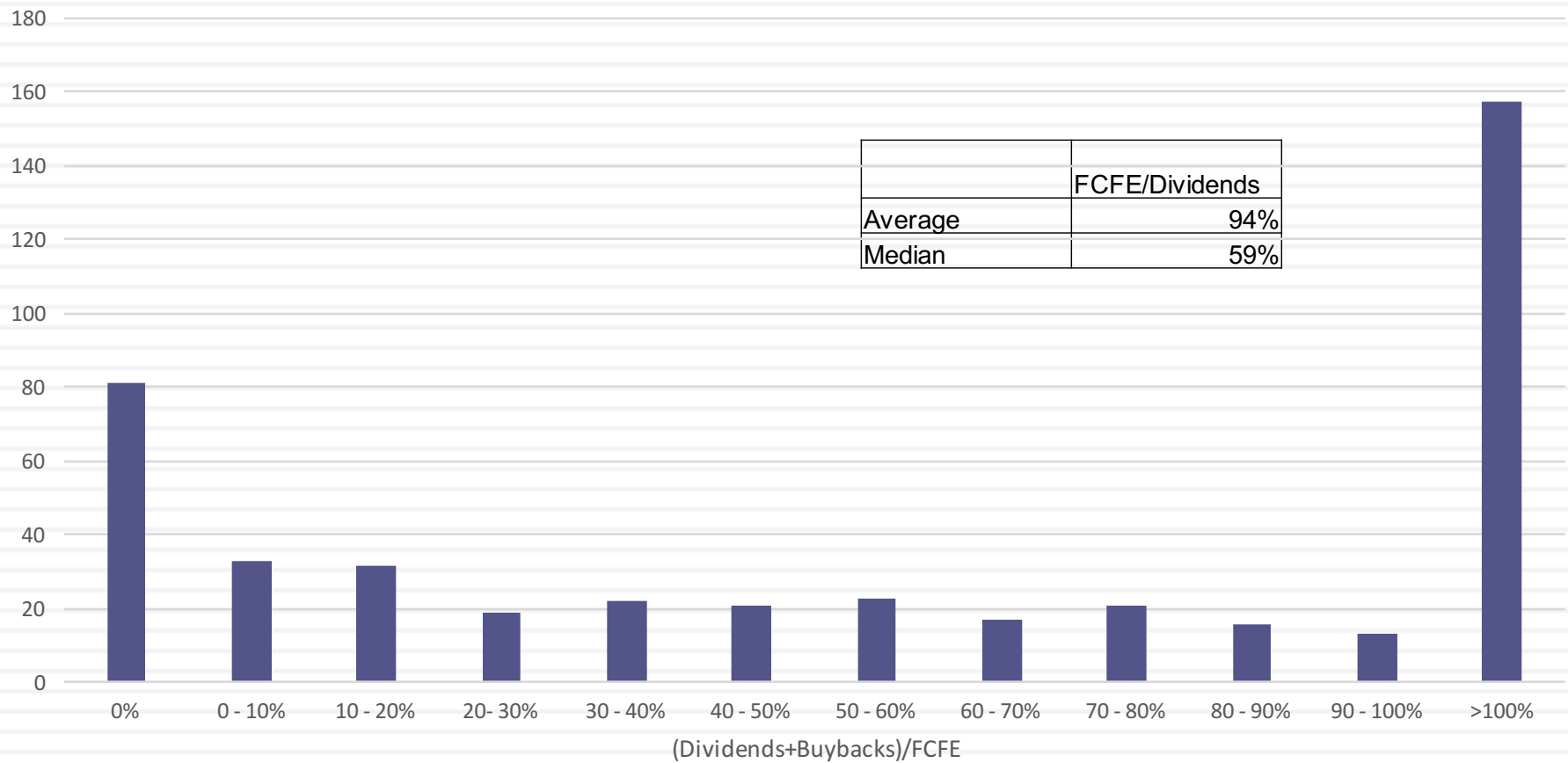


IX. Measuring Potential Dividends



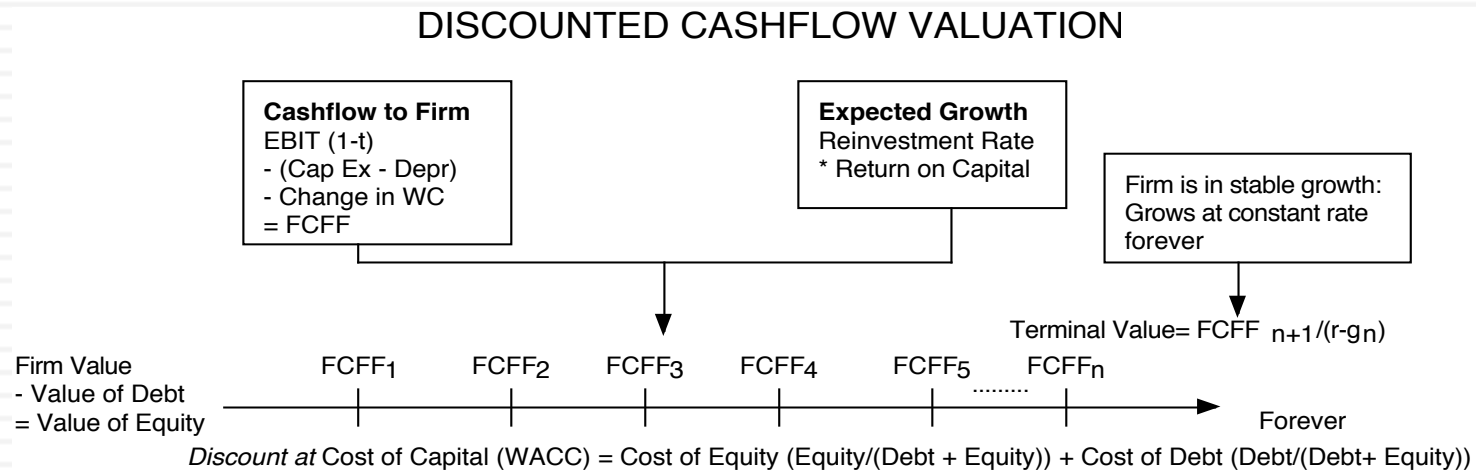
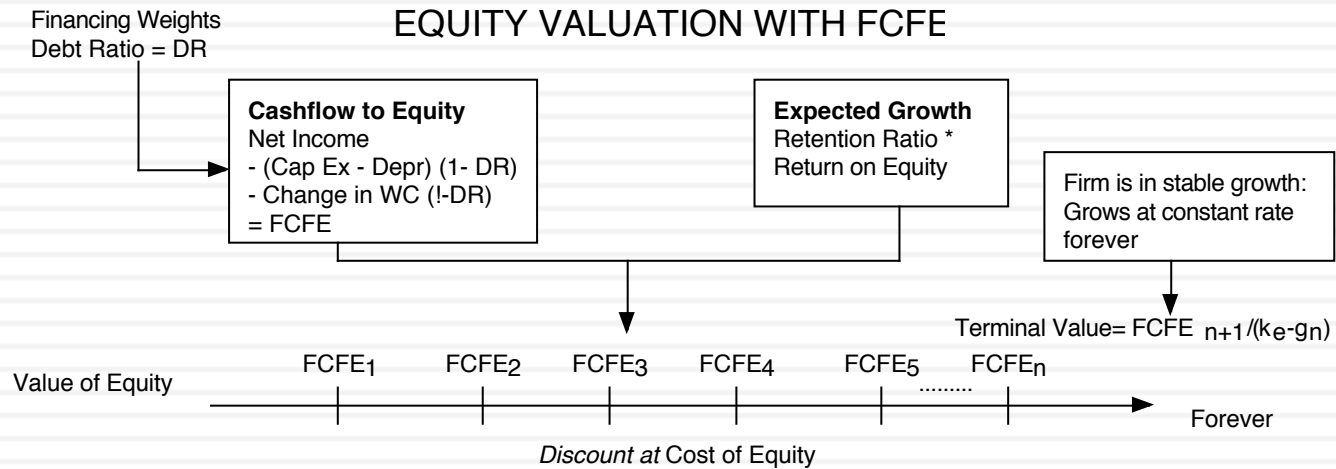
Dividends versus FCFE

Dividends & Buybacks vs FCFE



X. Valuation:

Match up cashflows and discount rates...



Getting to equity value per share

Approach used	To get to equity value per share
Discount dividends per share at the cost of equity	Present value is value of equity per share
Discount aggregate FCFE at the cost of equity	Present value is value of aggregate equity. Subtract the value of equity options given to managers and divide by number of shares.
Discount aggregate FCFF at the cost of capital	$\begin{aligned} \text{PV} &= \text{Value of operating assets} \\ &+ \text{Cash \& Near Cash investments} \\ &+ \text{Value of minority cross holdings} \\ &- \text{Debt outstanding} \\ &= \text{Value of equity} \\ &- \text{Value of equity options} \\ &= \text{Value of equity in common stock} \\ &/ \text{Number of shares} \end{aligned}$

Disney: Inputs to Valuation

	<i>High Growth Phase</i>	<i>Transition Phase</i>	<i>Stable Growth Phase</i>
Length of Period	5 years	5 years	Forever after 10 years
Tax Rate	31.02% (Effective) 36.1% (Marginal)	31.02% (Effective) 36.1% (Marginal)	31.02% (Effective) 36.1% (Marginal)
Return on Capital	12.61%	Declines linearly to 10%	Stable ROC of 10%
Reinvestment Rate	53.93% (based on normalized acquisition costs)	Declines gradually to 25% as ROC and growth rates drop:	25% of after-tax operating income. Reinvestment rate = $g/ROC = 2.5/10=25\%$
Expected Growth Rate in EBIT	ROC * Reinvestment Rate = $0.1261 * .5393 = .068$ or 6.8%	Linear decline to Stable Growth Rate of 2.5%	2.5%
Debt/Capital Ratio	11.5%	Rises linearly to 20.0%	20%
Risk Parameters	Beta = 1.0013, $k_e = 8.52\%$ Pre-tax Cost of Debt = 3.75% Cost of capital = 7.81%	Beta changes to 1.00; Cost of debt stays at 3.75% Cost of capital declines gradually to 7.29%	Beta = 1.00; $k_e = 8.51\%$ Cost of debt stays at 3.75% Cost of capital = 7.29%

Disney - November 2013

Current Cashflow to Firm
 EBIT(1-t) = 10,032(1-.31) = 6,920
 - (Cap Ex - Deprecn) 3,629
 - Chg Working capital 103
 = FCFF 3,188
 Reinvestment Rate = 3,732/6920 = 53.93%
 Return on capital = 12.61%

Reinvestment Rate
53.93%

Return on Capital
12.61%

Expected Growth
 $.5393 \times .1261 = .068$ or 6.8%

Stable Growth
 g = 2.75%; Beta = 1.00;
 Debt % = 20%; k(debt) = 3.75
 Cost of capital = 7.29%
 Tax rate = 36.1%; ROC = 10%;
 Reinvestment Rate = 2.5/10 = 25%

Op. Assets 125,477
 + Cash: 3,931
 + Non op inv 2,849
 - Debt 15,961
 - Minority Int 2,721
 = Equity 113,575
 - Options 972
Value/Share \$ 62.56

First 5 years

Growth declines gradually to 2.75%

Terminal Value₁₀ = 7,980 / (.0729 - .025) = 165,323

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
EBIT * (1 - tax rate)	\$7,391	\$7,893	\$8,430	\$9,003	\$9,615	\$10,187	\$10,704	\$11,156	\$11,531	\$11,819
- Reinvestment	\$3,985	\$4,256	\$4,546	\$4,855	\$5,185	\$4,904	\$4,534	\$4,080	\$3,550	\$2,955
FCFF	\$3,405	\$3,637	\$3,884	\$4,148	\$4,430	\$5,283	\$6,170	\$7,076	\$7,981	\$8,864

Term Yr
 10,639
 2,660
 7,980

Cost of Capital (WACC) = 8.52% (0.885) + 2.40% (0.115) = 7.81%

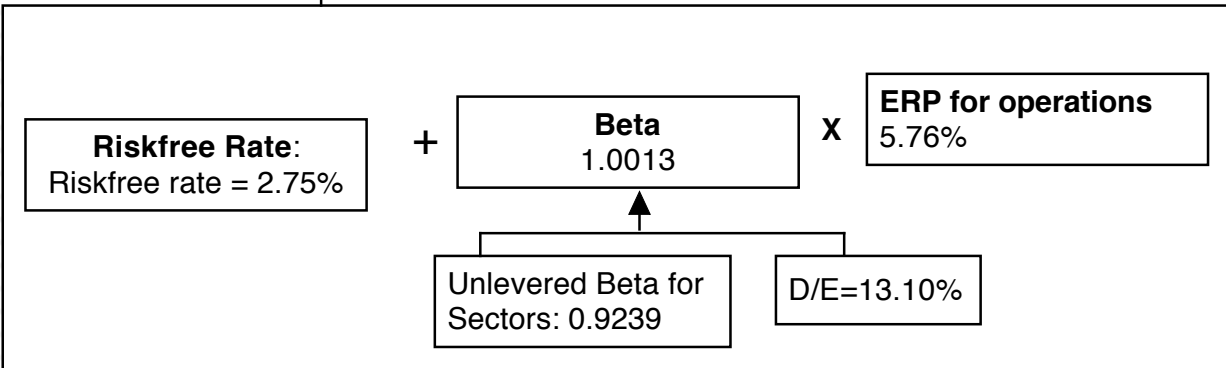
Cost of capital declines gradually to 7.29%

Cost of Equity
8.52%

Cost of Debt
 $(2.75\% + 1.00\%)(1 - .361) = 2.40\%$
 Based on actual A rating

Weights
 E = 88.5% D = 11.5%

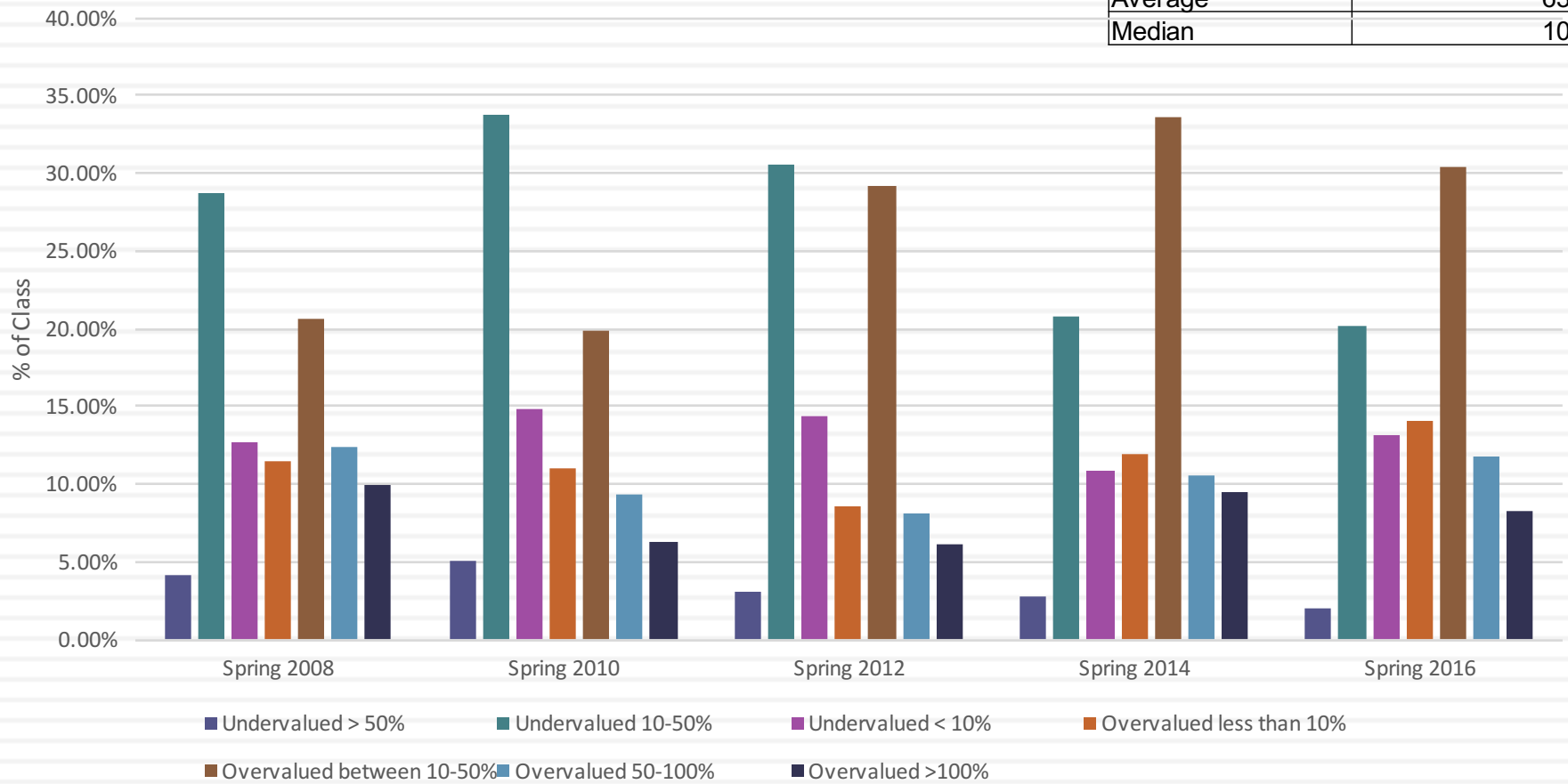
In November 2013, Disney was trading at \$67.71/share



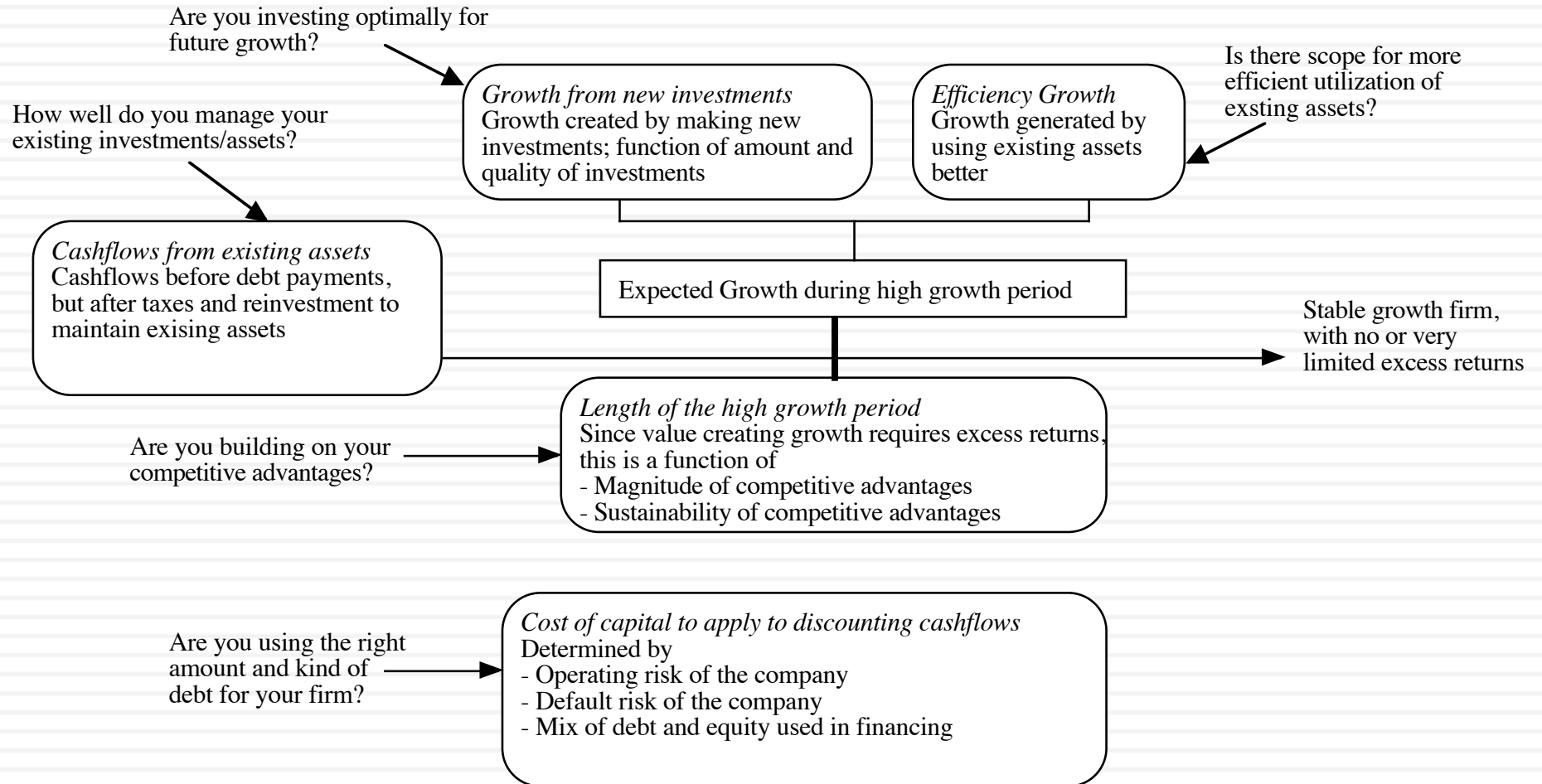
Value versus Price

Valuation Results

	Under or over valuation
Average	63%
Median	10%



Ways of changing value...



Disney - November 2013

Current Cashflow to Firm
 EBIT(1-t) = 10,032(1-.31) = 6,920
 - (Cap Ex - Deprecn) 3,629
 - Chg Working capital 103
 = FCFF 3,188
 Reinvestment Rate = 3,732/6920 = 53.93%
 Return on capital = 12.61%

Reinvestment Rate
53.93%

Return on Capital
12.61%

Expected Growth
 $.5393 \times .1261 = .068$ or 6.8%

Stable Growth
 g = 2.75%; Beta = 1.00;
 Debt % = 20%; k(debt) = 3.75
 Cost of capital = 7.29%
 Tax rate = 36.1%; ROC = 10%;
 Reinvestment Rate = 2.5/10 = 25%

Op. Assets 125,477
 + Cash: 3,931
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 - Debt 15,961
 - Minority Int 2,721
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Value/Share \$ 62.56

First 5 years

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
EBIT * (1 - tax rate)	\$7,391	\$7,893	\$8,430	\$9,003	\$9,615	\$10,187	\$10,704	\$11,156	\$11,531	\$11,819
- Reinvestment	\$3,985	\$4,256	\$4,546	\$4,855	\$5,185	\$4,904	\$4,534	\$4,080	\$3,550	\$2,955
FCFF	\$3,405	\$3,637	\$3,884	\$4,148	\$4,430	\$5,283	\$6,170	\$7,076	\$7,981	\$8,864

Growth declines gradually to 2.75%

Terminal Value₁₀ = 7,980 / (.0729 - .025) = 165,323

Term Yr
10,639
2,660
7,980

Cost of Capital (WACC) = 8.52% (0.885) + 2.40% (0.115) = 7.81%

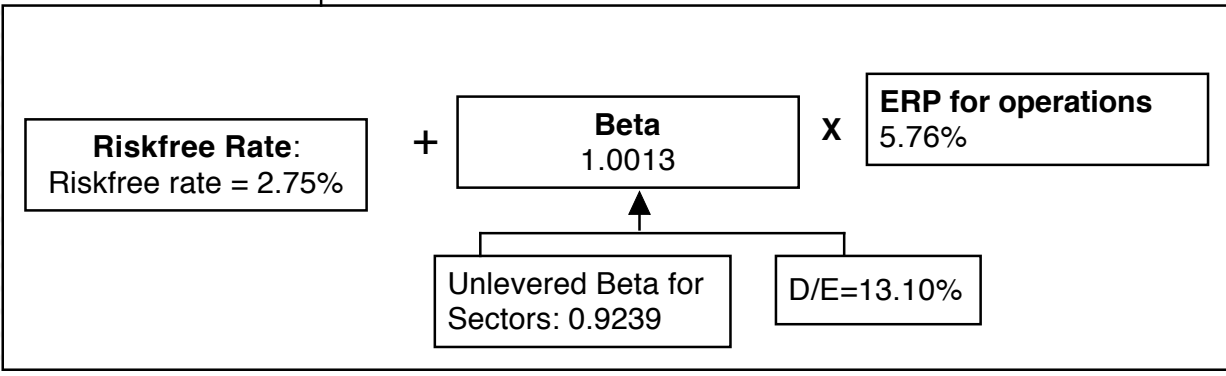
Cost of capital declines gradually to 7.29%

Cost of Equity
8.52%

Cost of Debt
 $(2.75\% + 1.00\%)(1 - .361)$
 = 2.40%
 Based on actual A rating

Weights
 E = 88.5% D = 11.5%

In November 2013,
 Disney was trading at
 \$67.71/share



Disney (Restructured)- November 2013

Current Cashflow to Firm
 EBIT(1-t)= 10,032(1-.31)= 6,920
 - (Cap Ex - Deprecn) 3,629
 - Chg Working capital 103
 = FCFF 3,188
 Reinvestment Rate = 3,732/6920
 =53.93%
 Return on capital = 12.61%

Reinvestment Rate
50.00%

More selective acquisitions & payoff from gaming

Return on Capital
14.00%

Expected Growth
 $.50 * .14 = .07$ or 7%

Stable Growth
 g = 2.75%; Beta = 1.20;
 Debt % = 40%; k(debt)=3.75%
 Cost of capital =6.76%
 Tax rate=36.1%; ROC= 10%;
 Reinvestment Rate=2.5/10=25%

Op. Assets 147,704
 + Cash: 3,931
 + Non op inv 2,849
 - Debt 15,961
 - Minority Int 2,721
 =Equity 135,802
 -Options 972
Value/Share \$ 74.91

	First 5 years					Growth declines gradually to 2.75%				
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
EBIT * (1 - tax rate)	\$7,404	\$7,923	\$8,477	\$9,071	\$9,706	\$10,298	\$10,833	\$11,299	\$11,683	\$11,975
- Reinvestment	\$3,702	\$3,961	\$4,239	\$4,535	\$4,853	\$4,634	\$4,333	\$3,955	\$3,505	\$2,994
Free Cashflow to Firm	\$3,702	\$3,961	\$4,239	\$4,535	\$4,853	\$5,664	\$6,500	\$7,344	\$8,178	\$8,981

Terminal Value₁₀ = 9,206 / (.0676 - .025) = 216,262

Term Yr
12,275
3,069
9,206

Cost of Capital (WACC) = 8.52% (0.60) + 2.40%(0.40) = 7.16%

Cost of capital declines gradually to 6.76%

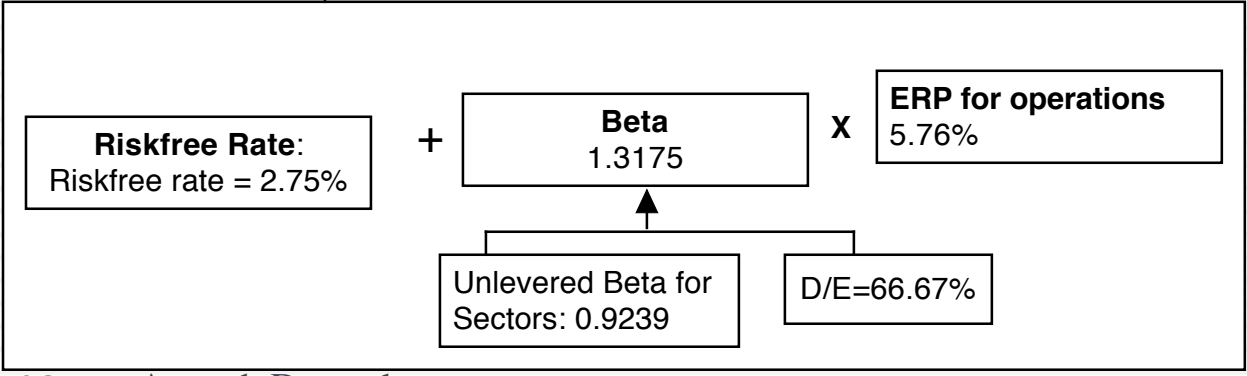
Cost of Equity
10.34%

Cost of Debt
 (2.75%+1.00%)(1-.361)
 = 2.40%
 Based on synthetic A rating

Weights
 E = 60% D = 40%

In November 2013,
 Disney was trading at
 \$67.71/share

Move to optimal debt ratio, with higher beta.



So, how do you explain the price? Its all relative..

<i>Company Name</i>	<i>Ticker Symbol</i>	<i>PE</i>	<i>Expected Growth Rate</i>	<i>PEG</i>
Point 360	PTSX	10.62	5.00%	2.12
Fox Entmt Group Inc	FOX	22.03	14.46%	1.52
Belo Corp. 'A'	BLC	25.65	16.00%	1.60
Hearst-Argyle Television Inc	HTV	26.72	12.90%	2.07
Journal Communications Inc.	JRN	27.94	10.00%	2.79
Saga Communic. 'A'	SGA	28.42	19.00%	1.50
Viacom Inc. 'B'	VIA/B	29.38	13.50%	2.18
Pixar	PIXR	29.80	16.50%	1.81
Disney (Walt)	DIS	29.87	12.00%	2.49
Westwood One	WON	32.59	19.50%	1.67
World Wrestling Ent.	WWE	33.52	20.00%	1.68
Cox Radio 'A' Inc	CXR	33.76	18.70%	1.81
Beasley Broadcast Group Inc	BBGI	34.06	15.23%	2.24
Entercom Comm. Corp	ETM	36.11	15.43%	2.34
Liberty Corp.	LC	37.54	19.50%	1.92
Ballantyne of Omaha Inc	BTNE	55.17	17.10%	3.23
Regent Communications Inc	RGCI	57.84	22.67%	2.55
Emmis Communications	EMMS	74.89	16.50%	4.54
Cumulus Media Inc	CMLS	94.35	23.30%	4.05
Univision Communic.	UVN	122.76	24.50%	5.01
Salem Communications Corp	SALM	145.67	28.75%	5.07
Average for sector		47.08	17.17%	2.74

Most undervalued stocks!!

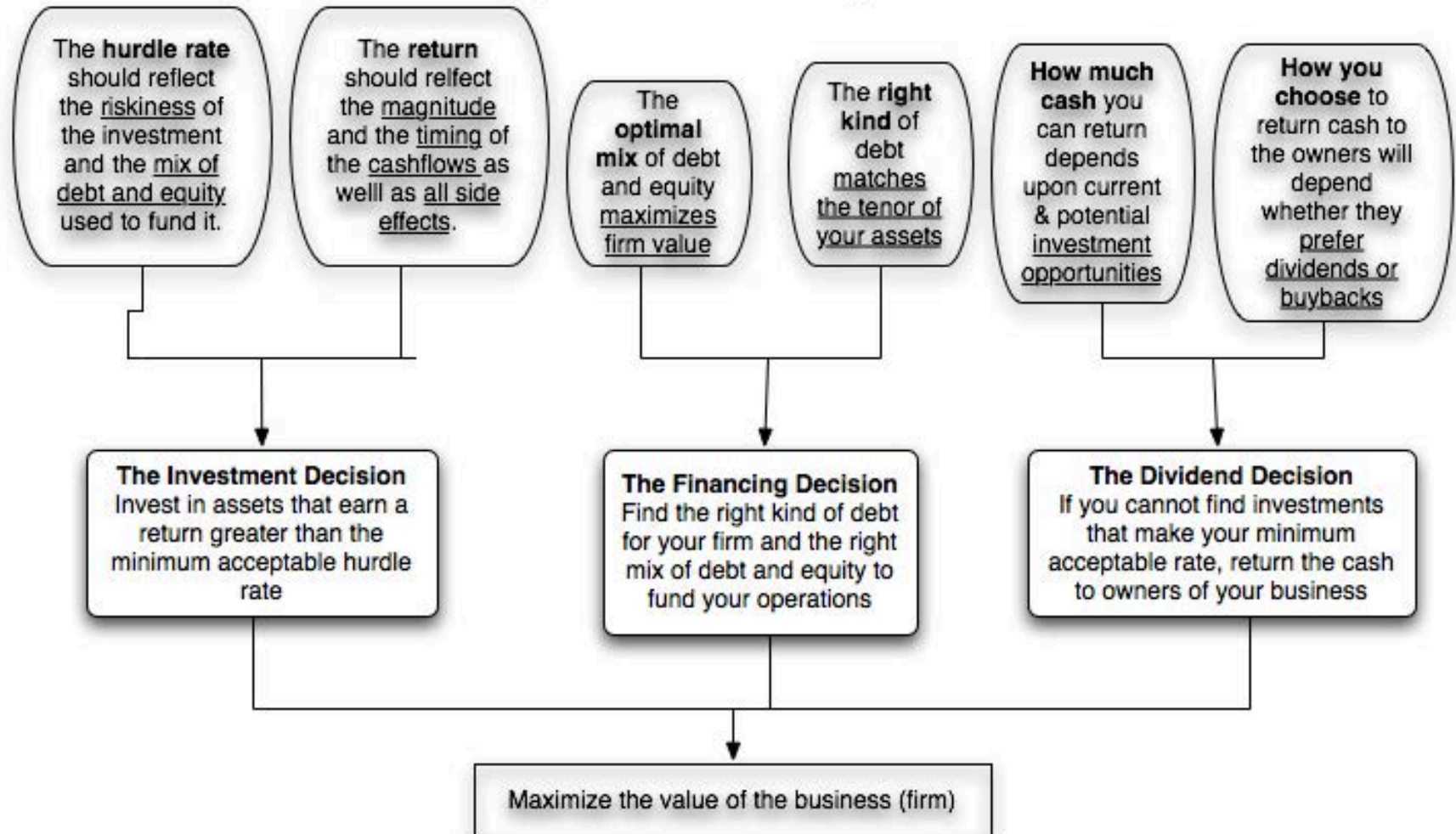
Company	Value/share	Price/Share	% Under valued
Sony	\$10,676.88	\$2,563.50	-75.99%
Live Nation	\$78.07	\$23.43	-69.99%
Adidas AG	\$71.71	\$28.56	-60.17%
GoPro	\$24.78	\$10.46	-57.79%
Bayer	\$229.74	\$97.77	-57.44%
Sotheby's	\$34.67	\$15.30	-55.87%
JetBlue	\$39.90	\$19.00	-52.38%
GoPro	\$23.94	\$12.64	-47.20%
MSG Networks	\$31.75	\$17.09	-46.17%
GNC	\$68.76	\$37.17	-45.95%
Ralph Lauren	\$158.92	\$90.11	-43.30%
Enbridge Energy Partners, LP.	\$38.03	\$21.71	-42.91%

The Triple Whammy: Under levered, Cash Build-up and Under valued?

Company	Investment Performance		Capital Structure		Dividend Policy		Valuation	
	ROE - COE	ROC - WACC	Current Debt ratio	Optimal Debt Ratio	Dividends	FCFE	Value/share	Price/Share
Bayer	10.24%	4.63%	21.85%	80.00%	8600	17490.5	\$229.74	\$97.77
MSG Networks	-20.29%	-1.33%	73.02%	90.00%	0	\$351.80	\$31.75	\$17.09
Ralph Lauren	8.57%	28.20%	29.28%	50.00%	639.8	742.4	\$158.92	\$90.11
Walmart	17.16%	10.61%	38.40%	70.00%	10,947	11708	\$110.13	\$68.49
Apple Inc	40.90%	29.30%	12.90%	80.00%	\$11,561	\$61,509	\$147.52	\$92.74
Trinity	9.78%	7.76%	67.58%	80.00%	517.4	1452.2	\$27.45	\$17.64
Wyndham Worldwide	54.85%	4.55%	38.33%	50.00%	\$770.00	\$2,014.00	\$116.29	\$76.17
Ralph Lauren	4.38%	3.77%	23.48%	80.00%	\$149.99	\$660	\$131.21	\$90.02
Toyota Motor Corporation	3.85%	1.20%	52.30%	70.00%	¥1,599,860	¥5,224,332	¥15,728	¥10,851
FitBit	21.05%	23.53%	3.20%	40.00%	0	34.26	\$19.60	\$13.62
Village Super Market Inc.	4.13%	4.85%	25.41%	60.00%	\$14.61	\$27.55	\$35.28	\$24.68
Apple	28.86%	4.25%	16.27%	40%	3,574	202,905.95	\$129.17	\$94.30
Sciclone	11.59%	28.81%	0.00%	20.00%	0	19.58	\$17.94	\$13.20
S&W	18.10%	13.34%	13.43%	70.00%	\$0.0	\$567.3	\$30.29	\$22.43
Michael Kors	32.67%	49.69%	13.00%	50.00%	99.55	384.07	\$67.91	\$50.87
Gap Inc	25.27%	6.00%	45.05%	70.00%	1570.4	2301.2	\$30.30	\$22.74
Goodyear	-0.82%	-0.75%	48.13%	70.00%	186	1331	\$36.90	\$28.19
Tyson	5.82%	9.30%	28.87%	50.00%	\$288.17	\$1,011.83	\$82.15	\$64.08
Herbalife	-174.84%	47.86%	23.42%	50%	374.1	3,608.5	\$81.10	\$63.62
Apple	34.80%	29.58%	10.80%	70%	14224	25133	\$113.96	\$92.72
Chipotle	22.70%	5.53%	19.16%	50.00%	193.704	311.938	\$528.78	\$433.50
Chipotle	17.78%	26.75%	17.66%	30%	\$0.00	\$326.77	\$526.55	\$433.93
Ralph Lauren	22.87%	12.32%	26.30%	90.00%	\$158	\$611	\$112.85	\$93.05
Lululemon	25.13%	36.46%	6.41%	20%	0.0	1,050.2	\$75.90	\$62.81
CVS Health	7.21%	0.51%	31%	50%	\$1,092.80	\$3,481	\$124.57	\$103.90
Southwest	31.34%	17.36%	16.70%	60.00%	1021.67	1320	\$48.96	\$40.91
Microsoft	8.50%	9.00%	8.90%	50.00%	\$9,882	\$17,289	\$59.86	\$50.39
Verisign	37.00%	53.80%	16.00%	30.00%	0	696.8	\$101.02	\$85.19
Lululemon	8.47%	8.11%	5.50%	30%	\$0.00	\$142.68	\$73.58	\$62.81
CSX Corporation	8.00%	3.80%	29.73%	60.00%	686	921	\$30.47	\$26.17
Starz	128.15%	76.86%	27.48%	70%	\$504.46	\$942.46	\$30.00	\$25.86
Delta	14.24%	6.98%	34.80%	70.00%	\$812.4	\$1,729.0	\$48.54	\$42.04
IMAX	6.53%	11.68%	2.12%	20.00%	0	76.65	\$36.81	\$32.80
Lululemon	15.40%	15.51%	7.15%	25.00%	0	141.2	\$70.40	\$62.81

First Principles

Corporate Finance: The Big Picture



Objectives of this class

- If you get the big picture, the details will come (sooner or later)
- Tools are useful but only in the larger context of answering bigger questions.
- Corporate finance is not so bad !!!

