A VIRAL MARKET UPDATE: LEARNING DURING A CRISIS

Glimmers of light?

Days of Innocence

My start of the year update on markets

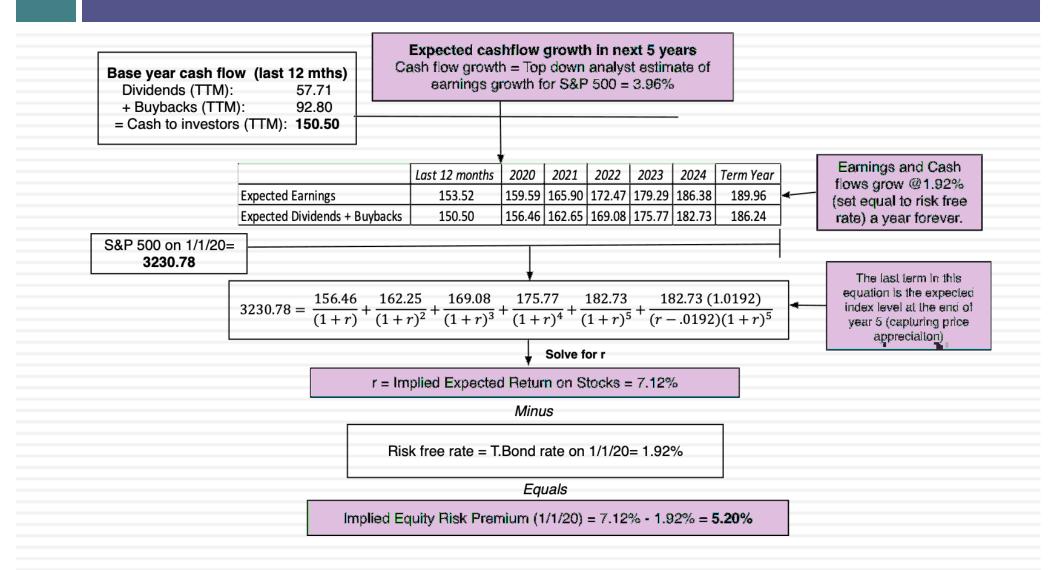
The Price of Risk

- When you invest in fixed income securities (bonds), your compensation takes the form of a default spread, i.e., what you charge over the riskfree rate to invest in that bond.
- When you invest in equities, the payoff to taking risk comes in the form of an equity risk premium, i.e., the premium you demand over and above the risk free rate for investing in equities as an asset class.
- The default spread is a function of what investors believe is the likelihood that borrowers will fail to make their contractually obligated payments, and it will rise and fall with the economy. The equity risk premium is a more complex number and I think of it as the receptacle for everything in the market.

The Default Spread at the start of 2020

	Rating is	Spread 2019	Spread 2020								
.8.00%	Aaa/AAA	0.75%	0.63%								
	Aa2/AA	1.00%	0.78%								
.6.00%	A1/A+	1.25%	0.98%								-
	A2/A	1.38%	1.08%								
	A3/A-	1.56%	1.22%							1	
4.00%	Baa2/BBB	2.00%	1.56%								
	Ba1/BB+	2.50%	2.00%								
2.00%	Ba2/BB	3.60%	2.40%								
	B1/B+	4.50%	3.51%								
.0.00%	B2/B	5.40%	4.21%						-	-	
	B3/B-	6.60%	5.15%					1			
8.00%	Caa/CCC	9.00%	8.20%								
0.00%	Ca2/CC	11.08%	8.64%								_
	C2/C	14.54%	11.34%				1				
6.00%	D2/D	19.38%	15.12%								
	,				100						-
4.00% —					-			-			
2.00%						_	-	_			_
		1 B-1 B									
0.000/											_
0.00% A	a/AAA Aa2/AA A1/A	+ A2/A A3	A- Baa2/BBB Ba1	/BB+ Ba2/B	B B1/B+	B2/B	B3/B-	Caa/CCC	Ca2/CC	C2/C	D2/D
		a province and		d 2019 Spr		24	2.3				_

A Forward-looking Estimate on January 1, 2020



Damage Assessment: May 1, 2020

Macro Review: Equity Indices

			Le	vel on 2/2	14	% Change							
	Index	Country/Region	14-Feb	20-Mar	1-May	4/24-5/1	4/1-5/1	2/14-3/20	3/20-5/1	2/14 - 5/1			
	S&P 500	US	3214	2305	2831	-0.21%	12.02%	-28.28%	22.82%	-11.92%			
	NASDAQ 100	US	9624	6994	8718	-0.78%	14.18%	-27.33%	24.65%	-9.41%			
Americas	TSX	Canada	17848	11852	14620	1.39%	11.62%	-33.59%	23.35%	-18.09%			
	IPC Mexico	Mexico	45000	34270	36470	6.51%	5.54%	-23.84%	6.42%	-18.96%			
	iBovespa	Brazil	114381	67069	80506	1.05%	10.25%	-41.36%	20.03%	-29.62%			
	FTSE 100	UK	7409	5191	5763	0.19%	5.16%	-29.94%	11.02%	-22.22%			
Furana	DAX	Germany	13744	8929	10862	3.31%	9.32%	-35.03%	21.65%	-20.97%			
Europe	CAC 40	France	6069	4131	4559	2.43%	3.71%	-31.93%	10.36%	-24.88%			
	S&P Europe 350	Europe	1731	1181	1351	1.99%	7.15%	-31.77%	14.39%	-21.95%			
1	Nikkei 225	Japan	23688	16553	19619	1.86%	10.11%	-30.12%	18.52%	-17.18%			
Acia	Shanghai 50	China	2895	2628	2862	2.30%	6.42%	-9.22%	8.90%	-1.14%			
Asia	Hang Seng	Hong Kong	27816	22805	24644	3.14%	6.34%	-18.01%	8.06%	-11.40%			
	Sensex	India	41258	29916	33718	5.82%	14.42%	-27.49%	12.71%	-18.28%			
Australia	ASX 200	Australia	7133	4825	5246	0.06%	1.78%	-32.36%	8.73%	-26.45%			
& NZ	NZX 50	New Zealand	11835	9202	10449	0.28%	5.86%	-22.25%	13.55%	-11.71%			
Africa	FTSE/JSE TOP 40	South Africa	52050	36302	46188	1.15%	13.38%	-30.26%	27.23%	-11.26%			
Africa	NSE-All Share	Nigeria	27756	22198	23021	2.45%	8.08%	-20.02%	3.71%	-17.06%			

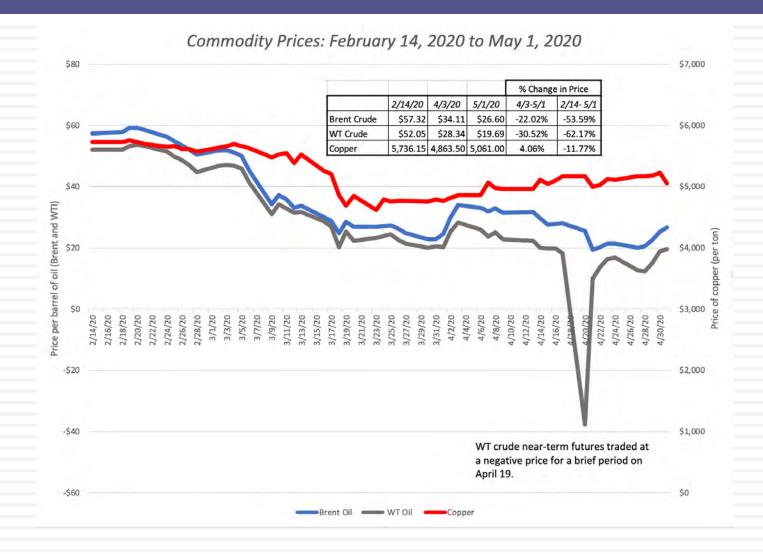
Macro Review: US Treasuries

	Yields on US Treasuries									
Maturity	2/14/20	4/3/20	4/17/20	5/1/20						
3 month	1.58%	0.10%	0.12%	0.12%						
2 year	1.42%	0.23%	0.20%	0.20%						
5 year	1.42%	0.39%	0.36%	0.36%						
10 year	1.59%	0.62%	0.65%	0.64%						
20 year	1.89%	1.05%	1.08%	1.04%						
30 year	2.04%	1.24%	1.27%	1.27%						
		Yield curv	ve slope							
2 yr - 3 month	-0.16%	0.13%	0.08%	0.08%						
10 yr - 2 yr	0.17%	0.39%	0.45%	0.44%						
30 yr - 10 yr	0.45%	0.62%	0.62%	0.63%						

Macro Review: Corporate Bonds

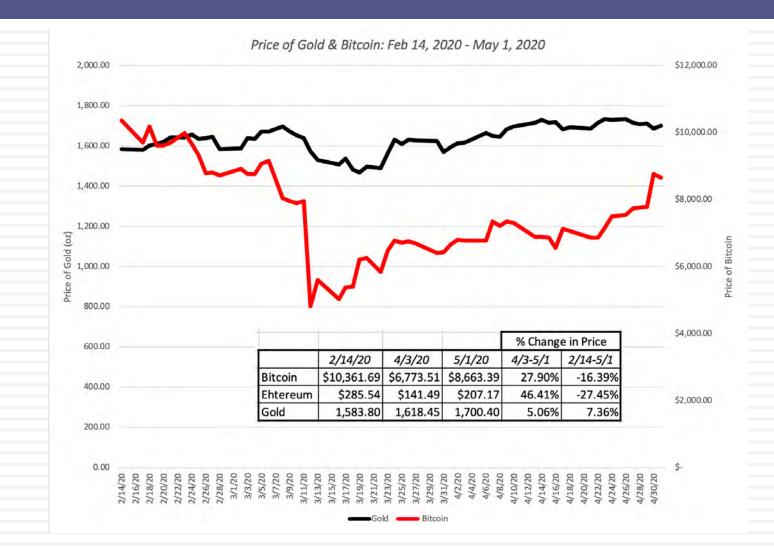
		Yields and Spreads on Corporates											
	Sp	oread over 1	10-yr Treasu	ry		Yield on	Treasury		Spread	Yield			
S&P Bond Rating	2/14/20	4/3/20	4/17/20	5/1/20	2/14/20	4/3/20	4/17/20	5/1/20		-			
AAA	0.69%	1.50%	1.16%	1.21%	2.28%	2.12%	1.81%	1.85%	0.52%	-0.43%			
AA	0.72%	1.77%	1.29%	1.26%	2.31%	2.39%	1.94%	1.90%	0.54%	-0.41%			
A	0.80%	2.29%	1.70%	1.64%	2.39%	2.91%	2.35%	2.28%	0.84%	-0.11%			
BBB	1.33%	3.97%	3.03%	2.80%	2.92%	4.59%	3.68%	3.44%	1.47%	0.52%			
BB	1.93%	6.76%	4.81%	5.30%	3.52%	7.38%	5.46%	5.94%	3.37%	2.42%			
В	3.40%	10.14%	7.93%	7.80%	4.99%	10.76%	8.58%	8.44%	4.40%	3.45%			
CCC or lower	9.65%	18.80%	16.32%	17.58%	11.24%	19.42%	16.97%	18.22%	7.93%	6.98%			
							-						

Macro Review: Oil & Copper



10

Macro Review: Gold & Bitcoin



11

Global Equities: By Region

			Market Cap			Dollar Change	% Change			
Sub Region	Number of firms	2/14/20	3/20/20	5/1/20	2/14-3/20	3/20-5/1 2/14 - 5/1	2/14-3/20 3/20-5/1 2/14 - 5/1			
Africa	648	\$ 579,098	\$ 363,274	\$ 396,826	\$ (215,824)	\$ 33,552 \$ (182,272)	-37.27% 9.24% -31.48%			
Australia & NZ	1,356	\$ 1,616,626	\$ 951,839	\$ 1,171,480	\$ (664,787)	\$ 219,642 \$ (445,146)	-41.12% 23.08% -27.54%			
Canada	1,574	\$ 2,240,034	\$ 1,360,137	\$ 1,725,687	\$ (879,897)	\$ 365,550 \$ (514,347)	-39.28% 26.88% -22.96%			
China	6,153	\$ 14,006,589	\$12,410,337	\$ 13,353,129	\$ (1,596,253)	\$ 942,792 \$ (653,461)	-11.40% 7.60% -4.67%			
EU & Environs	4,756	\$ 13,652,192	\$ 9,274,331	\$ 11,009,786	\$ (4,377,861)	\$ 1,735,454 \$ (2,642,406)	-32.07% 18.71% -19.36%			
Eastern Europe & Russia	411	\$ 815,900	\$ 492,836	\$ 586,922	\$ (323,064)	\$ 94,086 \$ (228,978)	-39.60% 19.09% -28.06%			
India	1,945	\$ 2,196,205	\$ 1,513,432	\$ 1,688,416	\$ (682,774)	\$ 174,984 \$ (507,790)	-31.09% 11.56% -23.12%			
Japan	3,813	\$ 6,038,444	\$ 4,465,873	\$ 5,236,432	\$ (1,572,571)	\$ 770,560 \$ (802,012)	-26.04% 17.25% -13.28%			
Latin America & Caribbean	938	\$ 2,379,522	\$ 1,378,909	\$ 1,508,455	\$ (1,000,613)	\$ 129,546 \$ (871,067)	-42.05% 9.39% -36.61%			
Middle East	1,148	\$ 3,073,392	\$ 2,557,872	\$ 2,816,287	\$ (515,520)	\$ 258,415 \$ (257,105)	-16.77% 10.10% -8.37%			
Small Asia	7,660	\$ 5,057,996	\$ 3,538,866	\$ 4,285,223	\$ (1,519,130)	\$ 746,357 \$ (772,773)	-30.03% 21.09% -15.28%			
UK	1,094	\$ 3,066,192	\$ 1,923,416	\$ 2,313,548	\$ (1,142,776)	\$ 390,132 \$ (752,644)	-37.27% 20.28% -24.55%			
United States	4,929	\$ 35,641,758	\$23,877,391	\$ 29,461,339	\$ (11,764,366)	\$ 5,583,948 \$ (6,180,419)	-33.01% 23.39% -17.34%			
Global	36,425	\$ 90,363,948	\$64,108,512	\$ 75,553,528	\$ (26,255,436)	\$ 11,445,016 \$ (14,810,420)	-29.06% 17.85% -16.39%			

Global Equities: By Sector

		10.1 × 17.100	Market Cap				Do	ollar Change	-	conversion de la	% Change			
Sub Region	Number of firms	2/14/20	3/20/20	5/1/20		2/14-3/20		3/20-5/1		2/14 - 5/1	2/14-3/20	3/20-5/1	2/14 - 5/1	
Communication Services	1,690	\$ 7,342,037	\$ 5,488,763	\$ 6,489,211	\$	(1,853,275)	\$	1,000,448	\$	(852,827)	-25.24%	18.23%	-11.62%	
Consumer Discretionary	4,930	\$ 10,148,621	\$ 7,059,451	\$ 8,539,340	\$	(3,089,170)	\$	1,479,890	\$	(1,609,280)	-30.44%	20.96%	-15.86%	
Consumer Staples	2,300	\$ 7,116,299	\$ 5,701,278	\$ 6,476,403	\$	(1,415,022)	\$	775,126	\$	(639,896)	-19.88%	13.60%	-8.99%	
Energy	1,313	\$ 5,930,247	\$ 3,852,615	\$ 4,586,674	\$	(2,077,632)	\$	734,059	\$	(1,343,573)	-35.03%	19.05%	-22.66%	
Financials	3,853	\$ 14,919,880	\$ 9,915,070	\$ 11,045,925	\$	(5,004,810)	\$	1,130,855	\$	(3,873,955)	-33.54%	11.41%	-25.97%	
Health Care	3,408	\$ 8,970,146	\$ 6,909,417	\$ 8,529,498	\$	(2,060,729)	\$	1,620,081	\$	(440,649)	-22.97%	23.45%	-4.91%	
Industrials	6,546	\$ 10,112,845	\$ 6,894,349	\$ 8,021,543	\$	(3,218,496)	\$	1,127,194	\$	(2,091,302)	-31.83%	16.35%	-20.68%	
Information Technology	4,867	\$ 13,594,754	\$ 9,734,631	\$ 11,846,660	\$	(3,860,123)	\$	2,112,029	\$	(1,748,093)	-28.39%	21.70%	-12.86%	
Materials	4,400	\$ 4,988,086	\$ 3,526,263	\$ 4,233,418	\$	(1,461,823)	\$	707,155	\$	(754,669)	-29.31%	20.05%	-15.13%	
Real Estate	2,298	\$ 4,040,386	\$ 2,699,214	\$ 3,143,627	\$	(1,341,172)	\$	444,413	\$	(896,758)	-33.19%	16.46%	-22.19%	
Utilities	814	\$ 3,199,760	\$ 2,326,774	\$ 2,640,444	\$	(872,986)	\$	313,670	\$	(559,316)	-27.28%	13.48%	-17.48%	
Global	36,425	\$ 90,363,948	\$64,108,512	\$ 75,553,528	\$	(26,255,436)	\$	11,445,016	\$	(14,810,420)	-29.06%	17.85%	-16.39%	

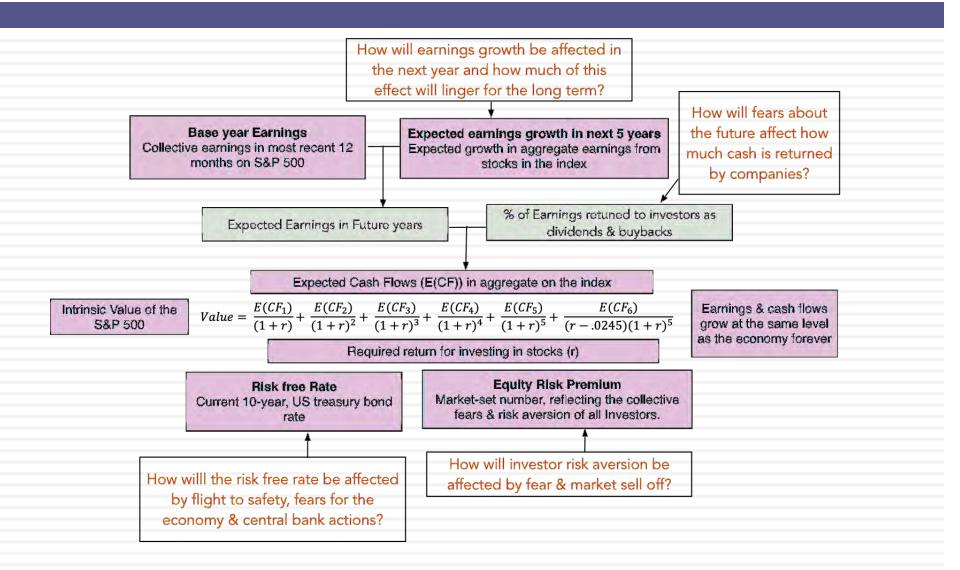
Global Equities: Industry Winners & Losers

		Worst Performing Industries											
			Market Cap		D	ollar Change			% Change				
Industry	Number of firms	2/14/20	3/20/20	5/1/20	2/14-3/20	3/20-5/1	2/14 - 5/1	2/14-3/20	3/20-5/1	2/14 - 5/1			
Air Transport	150	\$ 556,178	\$ 313,482	\$ 351,688	\$ (242,697)	\$ 38,207	\$(204,490)	-43.64%	12.19%	-36.77%			
Oil/Gas (Production and Exploration)	480	\$ 692,963	\$ 318,155	\$ 444,392	\$ (374,807)	\$126,237	\$(248,571)	-54.09%	39.68%	-35.87%			
Aerospace/Defense	212	\$1,217,844	\$ 674,146	\$ 799,015	\$ (543,697)	\$124,868	\$(418,829)	-44.64%	18.52%	-34.39%			
Broadcasting	121	\$ 164,681	\$ 93,967	\$ 108,625	\$ (70,714)	\$ 14,658	\$ (56,056)	-42.94%	15.60%	-34.04%			
Hotel/Gaming	505	\$ 715,671	\$ 386,318	\$ 483,034	\$ (329,354)	\$ 96,716	\$(232,638)	-46.02%	25.04%	-32.51%			
Homebuilding	147	\$ 247,004	\$ 127,536	\$ 166,749	\$ (119,469)	\$ 39,214	\$ (80,255)	-48.37%	30.75%	-32.49%			
Reinsurance	33	\$ 180,567	\$ 98,174	\$ 122,043	\$ (82,393)	\$ 23,869	\$ (58,524)	-45.63%	24.31%	-32.41%			
Food Wholesalers	118	\$ 93,191	\$ 50,097	\$ 64,748	\$ (43,094)	\$ 14,651	\$ (28,443)	-46.24%	29.24%	-30.52%			
Oil/Gas Distribution	186	\$ 649,295	\$ 357,879	\$ 455,453	\$ (291,416)	\$ 97,574	\$(193,842)	-44.88%	27.26%	-29.85%			
		1			Best Perfor	ming Indust	ries		1	1			
			Market Cap		D	ollar Change			% Change	1.11			
Industry	Number of firms	2/14/20	3/20/20	5/1/20	2/14-3/20	3/20-5/1	2/14 - 5/1	2/14-3/20	3/20-5/1	2/14 - 5/1			
Precious Metals	518	\$ 418,987	\$ 297,954	\$ 448,303	\$ (121,034)	\$150,350	\$ 29,316	-28.89%	50.46%	7.00%			
Heathcare Information and Technolog	318	\$ 772,658	\$ 607,128	\$ 772,518	\$ (165,530)	\$165,390	\$ (140)	-21.42%	27.24%	-0.02%			
Drugs (Biotechnology)	912	\$1,408,988	\$1,134,635	\$1,401,350	\$ (274,352)	\$266,714	\$ (7,638)	-19.47%	23.51%	-0.54%			
Software (Internet)	108	\$ 226,938	\$ 166,704	\$ 224,947	\$ (60,234)	\$ 58,243	\$ (1,991)	-26.54%	34.94%	-0.88%			
Retail (Online)	251	\$2,455,864	\$1,989,522	\$2,418,166	\$ (466,342)	\$428,644	\$ (37,697)	-18.99%	21.55%	-1.53%			
Drugs (Pharmaceutical)	1,050	\$3,626,610	\$2,891,126	\$3,493,441	\$ (735,483)	\$602,315	\$(133,169)	-20.28%	20.83%	-3.67%			
Food Processing	1,019	\$1,786,740	\$1,497,757	\$1,703,795	\$ (288,983)	\$206,038	\$ (82,945)	-16.17%	13.76%	-4.64%			
Household Products	410	\$1,453,701	\$1,186,736	\$1,351,159	\$ (266,966)	\$164,424	\$(102,542)	-18.36%	13.86%	-7.05%			
Healthcare Products	633	\$1,830,537	\$1,350,855	\$1,699,442	\$ (479,682)	\$348,587	\$(131,095)	-26.20%	25.80%	-7.16%			
Retail (Grocery and Food)	151	\$ 479,616	\$ 397,678	\$ 444,071	\$ (81,938)	\$ 46,393	\$ (35,546)	-17.08%	11.67%	-7.41%			

Back to Basics

Value Drivers

A Framework for assessing value effects: Index



1. Earnings Growth

- Earnings Growth: Even at this early stage in this crisis, it is clear that the virus is having an effect on corporate operations. With some companies like hotels and airlines, the effect that the virus has had on global travel has clearly had an effect on revenues and operations. With others, it is concerns about supply chains. The follow up question then becomes one of specifics:
 - Drop in 2020 Earnings: This is the number that will reflect how you see Corona Virus affect the collective earnings on stocks in 2020. This will include not only earnings declines caused by lower revenues growth at companies like United Airlines, but also the earnings decline caused by higher costs faced by companies due to virus related problems (supply chain breakdowns). The wider the swathe of companies
 - Drop in long term Earnings: In previous crises, where consumers and workers stayed home, either for health reasons or because of fear, the business that was lost as a result of the peril was made up for, when it passed. It is important that we ask this question, because this effect will dominate, when it comes to trying to explain value.

Earnings Growth Effects

210.00 In 2020 2021-24 5.52% 3.36% Pre-Crisis Drop in 2020, 100% of lost earnings recouped in 2024 -5.00% 6.13% 200.00 Drop in 2020, 50% of lost earnings recouped in 2024 -5.00% 4.80% Drop in 2020, 0% of lost earnings recouped by 2024 -5.00% 3.36% 190.00 180.00 170.00 160.00 150.00 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2019 (Base) 2025 Pre-Crisis Drop in 2020, 100% of lost earnings recouped in 2024 Drop in 2020, 50% of lost earnings recouped in 2024 Drop in 2020, 0% of lost earnings recouped by 2024

Earnings Effects: Short verus Long Term

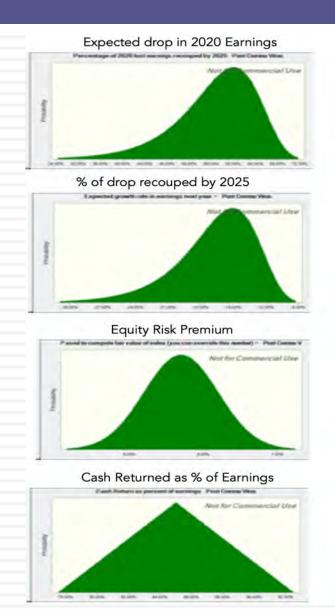
2. Cash Return

- In 2019, the companies in the S&P 500 returned 92.33% of their earnings to investors in dividends and buybacks, a reflection not only of how much their cash flows were that year but also how confident they were in their capacity to generate cash flows in the future.
 - That high number reflects not only the cash that many US companies had on hand, but a confidence that they could maintain earnings and continue to pay out cash flows.
- To the extent that this confidences is shaken by the virus, you may see a pull back in this number to perhaps something closer to the 85.24% that is the average for the last decade.

3. Equity Risk Premiums

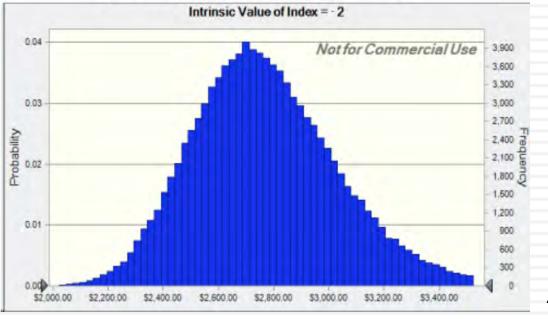
- The required return on stocks will be impacted, with one of the effects being explicit and visible in markets, in the form of the US treasury bond rate and the other being implicit, taking the form of an equity risk premium.
- If investors become more risk averse, they will demand a higher ERP, though as the fear factor fades, this number will fall back as well, but perhaps not to what it was prior to the crisis.
- The fact that the equity risk premium is already at the higher end of the historical norms, at about 5.50% on February 25, 2020, does indicate limits, but there could be a short-term jump in the number, at least until there is less uncertainty.

What now? Valuing the Index on March 13, 2020



Valuing the S&P 500 Index: March 13, 2020

Percentile	S&P 500 Index
0%	\$1,903.33
10%	\$2,450.16
20%	\$2,547.91
30%	\$2,621.98
40%	\$2,688.01
50%	\$2,750.84
60%	\$2,817.83
70%	\$2,893.02
80%	\$2,986.04
90%	\$3,123.78
100%	\$4,452.38

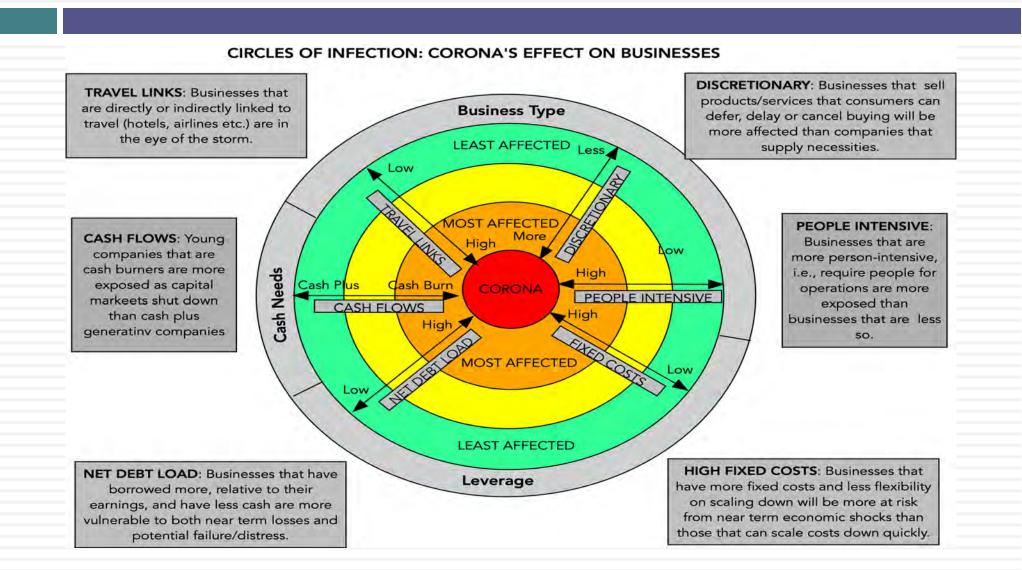


21

With individual stocks, there is uncertainty...

- Historical data may be recent, but it is already dated: The most recent financial statements are only a few weeks ago but the revenues and earnings numbers reported in those recent financial statements seem almost useless, a reflection of a different economic setting. The same can be said about equity risk premiums and default spreads.
- This year will deliver bad news: There is almost no doubt that 2020 will be a bad year for all companies, with the key questions being how much of a drop in revenues companies will see this year and how this will translate into earnings shocks.
- <u>Survival has become a central question</u>: The magnitude of the shock to corporate bottom lines and the speed with which it has happened will put companies at risk, leaving debt-burdened and young companies exposed to default and distress.
- The post-virus economy will be different from the pre-crisis version: Every major crisis creates changes in business environment, regulations and business models that reshapes the economy and resets competitive games, setting the stage for new winners and losers.

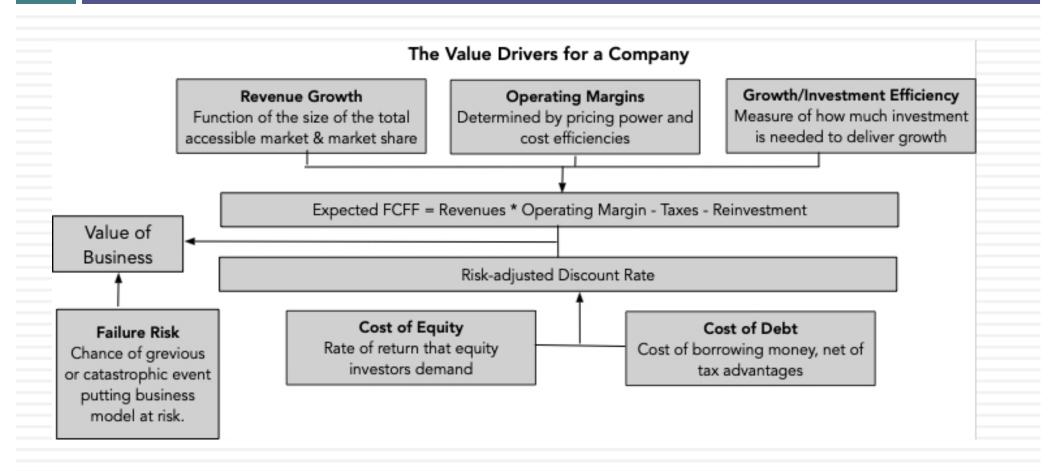
The Virus Effect: A Picture



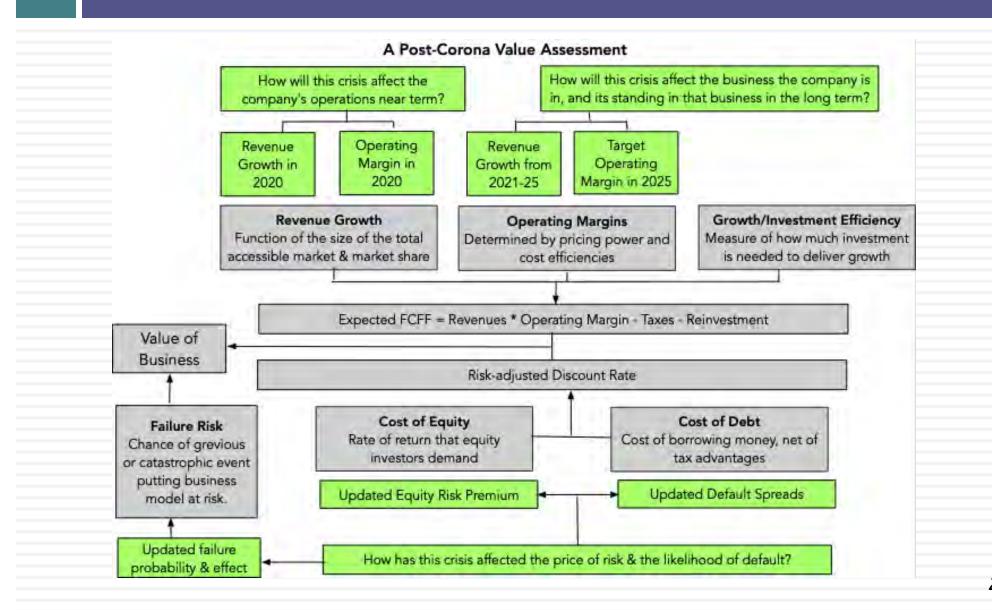
And the dark side beckons...

- if your concept of valuation is downloading last year's financials for a company into a spread sheet and then using historical growth rates, with some mean reversion thrown in, to forecast future numbers, you are probably feeling lost right now, and with good reason.
- It is also not a time to wring our hands, complain that there is too much uncertainty and argue that the fundamentals don't matter.
 - If you do so, you will be drawn to the dark side of investing, where fundamentals don't matter (paradigm shifts, anyone?), new pricing metrics get invented and you are at the mercy of mood and momentum.
- Ironically, it is precisely at times like these that you need to go back to basics.

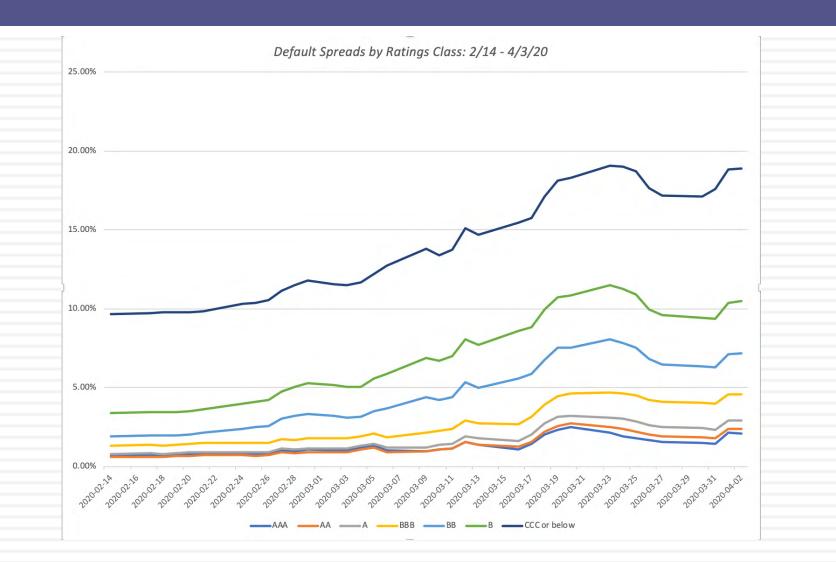
The Basics of Value



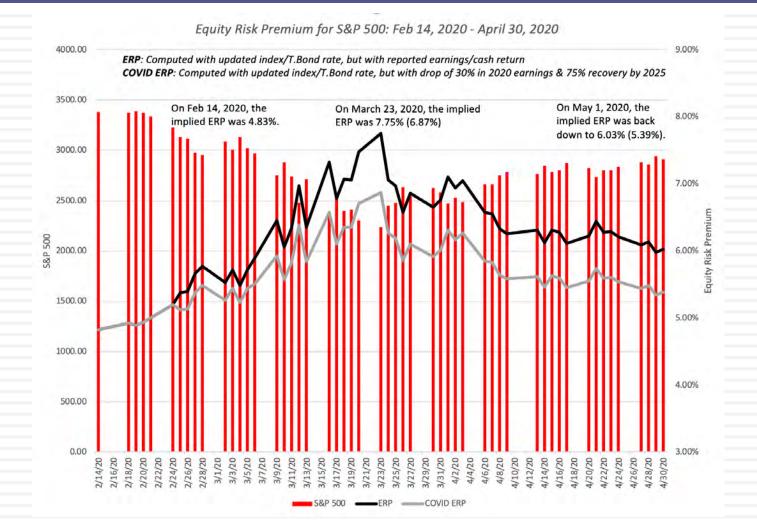
A Post-Corona Version



Bond Market Default Spreads: The COVID crisis

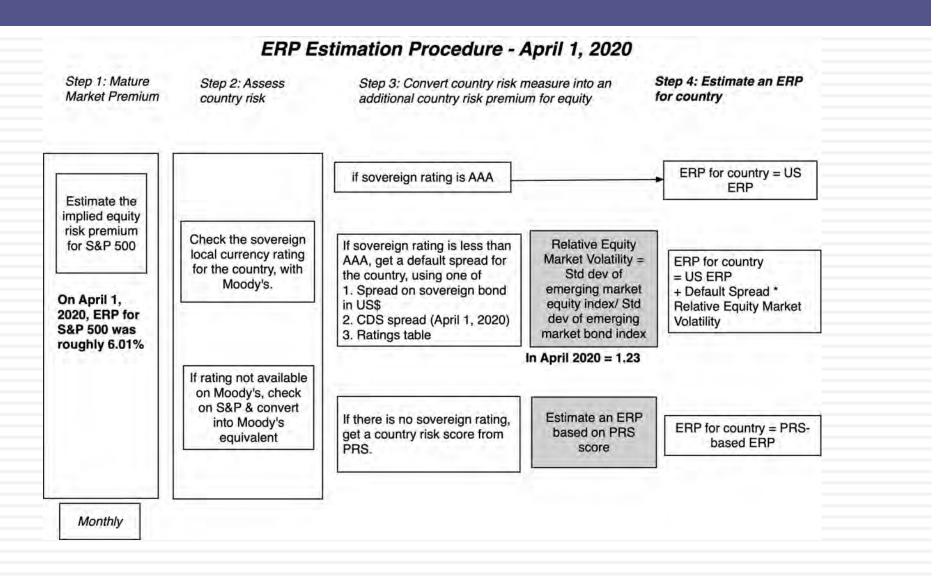


ERP: The COVID crisis



28

Country Risk Premiums: Resetting the base numbers



			0	h		L	2	Macedonia	12.60%	8.75%	Syria		53	27.03%	17.03
			V	2		L	22								
				13			(•	Moldova	17.91%	11.62%	200.000	en, Republic	54.5	27,03%	17.0
1			1	Angola		17.91%	11.62%	Montenegro	14.25%	9.64%	Zimb	abwe	50.5	27.03%	17.0
Canada	6.01%	5.209	*	Benin		16.08%	10.63%	Poland	7.56%	6.04%	• 4	Bangladesh	1	12,60%	8.75%
United States	6.01%	5.209	* *	Botswana		7.56%	6.04%	Romania	10.04%	7.37%		Cambodia	-	16.08%	10.63%
North America	6.01%	5.209	a.	Burkina Fas	0	16.08%	10.63%	Russia	10.04%	7.37%		China		7.30%	5.89%
orun America	0.01 %	520	11	Cameroon		16.08%	10.63%	Serbia	12.60%	8.75%		Fiji	-	12,60%	8.75%
	N	1 1	N	Cape Verde		16.08%	10.63%	Slovakia	7.56%	6.04%	d	Hong Kong		7.12%	5.69%
		1 10	1	Congo (DR))	19.73%	12.59%	Slovenia	8.93%	6.77%	1	India		9.49%	7.08%
Argentina	24.52%	14.08%	~	Congo (Rep		22.49%	14.08%	Tajikistan	17.91%	11.62%	1	Indonesia		9.49%	7.08%
Belize	17.91%	11.62%		Côte d'Ivoir	e	12.60%	8.75%	Ukraine Uzbekistan	19.73% 9.49%	7.08%	5	Japan		7.30% 6.92%	5.89%
Bolivia	14.25%	8.75%	100	Egypt		16.08%	10.63%	E. Europe & Russia	9.49%	7.34%	1/	Korea Laos		8.21%	5.69% NA
Brazil	11.51%	8.16%		Ethiopia		14.25%	9.64%	E. Europe & Russia	9.98%	1.34%	12	Macao		7.12%	5.80%
Chile	7.30%		1	Gabon		19.73%	12.59%			1	47	Malaysia		8.21%	6.38%
		5.89%		Ghana		17.91%	11.62%	Abu Dhabi	6.92%	5.69%	0	Maldives		16.08%	10.63%
Colombia	9.49%	7.08%		Kenya		16.08%	10.63%	Bahrain	16.08%	10.63%	-1	Mauritius		8.93%	6.77%
Costa Rica	16.08%	9.64%		Mali		17.91%	11.62%			-				17.91%	11.62%
Ecuador	24.30%	11.62%	1	Morocco		10.58%	7.66%	Iraq	19.73%	12.59%	- 1	Mongolia Pakistan		17.91%	11.62%
El Salvador	17.91%	11.62%	3	Mozambiqu	e	22.49%	14.08%	Israel	7.30%	5.89%		Papua New	Guinas	16.08%	10.63%
Guatemala	10.58%	7.66%		Namibia		11.51%	8.16%	Jordan	14.25%	9.64%	1	Philippines	Guinea	9.49%	7.08%
Honduras	14.25%	9.64%		Niger		17.91%	11.62%	Kuwait	6.92%	5.69%		Singapore		6.01%	5.20%
				Nigeria		16.08%	10.63%	Lebanon	24.52%	14.08%		Solomon Is	lands	17.91%	11.62%
Mexico	8.21%	6.38%		Rwanda		16.08%	10.63%	Oman	11.51%	7.66%		Sri Lanka	lanus	16.08%	10.63%
Vicaragua	17.91%	10.63%		Senegal		12.60%	8.75%	Oatar	7.12%	5.80%		Taiwan		7.12%	5.80%
Panama	8.93%	6.77%		South Africa	a	10.58%	7.37%	-		-	-	Thailand		8.93%	6.77%
araguay	10.58%	7.66%		Swaziland		16.08%	10.63%	Ras Al Khaimah (Er	19.73%	12.59%	-	Vietnam		12.60%	8.75%
	8.21%	6.38%		Tanzania		14.25%	9.64%	Saudi Arabia	7.30%	5.89%		Asia		7.89%	6.21%
eru	16.08%	10.63%		Togo		17.91%	11.62%	Sharjah	9.49%	6.38%		1 1010		140.0	
	10.0070			Tunisia		16.08%	10.63%	United Arab Emirate	6.92%	5.69%			1	6010	E 200
Suriname	14.350				- 101	16 09/0	10.63%		0.000	6 200 00	1	Australia		6.01%	5.20%
Peru Suriname Uruguay	14.25%	9.64%		Uganda		16.08%	10.0320	Middle East	8.93%	0.77%			*	1 x arm	02.00
Suriname	14.25% 24.52% 11.79%	9.04% 22.89% 8.48%		Uganda Zambia		24.52%	14.08%	Middle East	8.93%	6.77%	-	Cook Islands New Zealand	1	14.25% 6.01%	9.64% 5.20%

Red: ERP on 4/1/20 Green: ERP on 1/1/20

Aswath Damodaran

						Boei	ng				
1						the St	ory				
is facing a mountain of even with the 737 Max aircraft from a duopoly	pain v return I assi will g	with the Co ling to the ume that n	rona Virus decimation fold and increased lo nargins will revert ba	ng the air osses. Aft ack to pre	line business or that, i ass -2018 levels	(Boe ume t over t	ing's custor that there w the next 5 y	mers) vill be ears a	37 Max, which caused re . I assume more pain the higher growth, as airline and that during the next y government that is large	year to come, wi s start playing ca ear, Boeing is exp	th revenues dropping tch up and buy more posed to a risk of failure,
cuse mon dimini zoosy	-				The	Assun	nptions				
-	Bo	ise year	In 2020	Ye	ars 1-5		ars 6-10	1.1	After year 10	L	nk to story
Revenues (a)	\$	76,559	-10.0%	1	5.00%		2.00%	11	2.00%	Duopoly, growing	g market
Operating margin (b)	-	3,10%	-5.0%	1	3,10%		9.60%		9.60%	the set of	also close to historical
Tax rate		25.00%		- 2	5.00%	- 3	25.00%	11	25.00%	10.10.100	
Reinvestment (c)	1			Sales t	o capital rati	3.80		11	20.00%	-	
Return on capital	-	11.78%	-	Margin	al ROIC =	76.00	0%		10.00%		
Cost of capital (d)	·		1		8,51%		7.50%	1:	7.50%		
the state of the second s	1		allow and a second	A	The	Cash	Flows				
	Reve	enues	Operating Margin	EBIT		EBIT	(1-t)	Rein	vestment	FCFF	
1	\$	68,903	-5.00%	\$	(3,445)	\$	(3,445)	\$	(2,014)	\$	(1,431)
2	\$	79,239	4,73%	\$	3,751	\$	3,675	\$	2,719	\$	955
3	\$	91,124	9.60%	Ş	8,749	\$	6,562	\$	3,127	\$	3,435
4	\$	104,793	9.60%	\$	10,061	\$	7,546	\$	3,596	\$	3,950
5	\$	120,512	9.60%	\$	11,571	\$	8,678	\$	4,136	\$	4,542
6	\$	135,455	9.60%	\$	13,005	\$	9,754	\$	3,932	\$	5.922
7	\$	148,730	9.60%	\$	14,280	\$	10,710	\$	3,493	\$	7,217
8	\$	159,439	9.60%	\$	15,308	\$	11,481	\$	2,817	\$	8,654
9	\$	166,773	9.60%	\$	16,012	\$	12,009	\$	1,930	\$	10,080
10	\$	170,108	9.60%	\$	16,333	\$	12,249	Ş	878	\$	11,372
Terminal year	\$	173,510	9.60%	\$	16,659	\$	12,494	\$	2,499	\$	9,996
					1	he Vo	alue	-			
Terminal value				\$	181,737						
PV(Terminal value)				\$	82,610						-
PV (CF over next 10 yea				\$	30,378						
Value of operating asso				\$	112,988	_				0.013	
Adjustment for distress				\$	11,299	_		_	Probability of failure =	20.00%	
 Debt & Mnority Interr 	_			\$	28,532			-			
+ Cash & Other Non-op	peratin	g assets		\$	10,030						
Value of equity	_	-	1	\$	83,187						
- Value of equity option	ns			\$		-					
Number of shares				1.0	566.00						
Value per share				3	146.97	1			Stock was trading at =	\$127.68	