

Session 14: Post class test solutions

1. **b. \$1 million.** To estimate the potential dividends, you first estimate the loans and net income next year:
 - Expected loans next year = $500 (1.20) = \$600$ million
 - Expected net income = $(10/500) * 600 = \$12$ million
 - Regulatory capital next years = $\$600 * .06 = \36 million
 - Increase in regulatory capital = $\$36 - \$25 = \$11$ million
 - Potential dividend = $\$12$ million - $\$1$ million = $\$11$ million
2. **a. Young companies with long life R&D.** For a company's return on capital to change a lot, its operating income has to change dramatically more, on a proportional basis, than its invested capital. The operating income change is the difference between the current year's R&D and the amortization of prior year's R&D. That change is likely to be highest for young firms with growing R&D. Since these firms have not been around for long, the change in invested capital is also likely to be small (since you are capitalizing R&D for the company's life).
3. **c. \$1.33 billion.** To estimate this value, you first have to estimate the normalized operating income using the operating margin over the economic cycle and current revenues:
 - Normalized after-tax operating income = $0.05 * 2000 = \$100$ million
 - Normalized return on invested capital = $100/1000 = 10\%$
 - Normalized reinvestment rate = $2\%/10\% = 20\%$
 - Value = $100 (1 - .20) / (.08 - .02) = \1.33 billion
4. **\$1,250 million.** To estimate this value, you first have to adjust the after-tax operating income for lower oil prices:
 - Normalized after-tax operating income = $150 - (100 - 60) * 1.25 = \100 million
 - Since the firm earns its cost of capital (8%), you can estimate its reinvestment rate and value
 - Reinvestment rate = $2\% / 8\% = 25\%$
 - Value = $100 (1 - .25) / (.08 - .02) = \$1,250$ million
5. **b. Facebook.** The margin of safety on Facebook is 50% and it is only 20% on 3M.
 - Facebook margin of safety = $(37.50 - 25) / 25 = 50\%$
 - 3M margin of safety = $(120 - 100) / 100 = 20\%$

I would be concerned about going with Facebook still for two reasons: (a) I may be (and probably am) more uncertain about my value of Facebook than I of my value of 3M and (b) the price gap may close faster at 3M because their stockholders tend to be more focused on earnings and cash flows than Facebook stockholders.