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## Exercise Set 5 October 4, 2006 (due October 11)

Two firms each produce pollution, from which both firms suffer damage costs. If, in a given period, firm *i* produces an amount  $a_i$  of pollution (i = 1, 2), then each firm incurs a damage cost equal to  $b(a_1 + a_2)^2$ . The "normal" amount of pollution produced by each firm is p, but a firm can reduce its pollution output by an amount (p - a) at a cost  $c(p - a)^2$ . Thus if firm *i* produces an amount of pollution equal to  $a_i$ , its total pollution-related cost is

$$C^{i}(a_{1}, a_{2}) = b(a_{1} + a_{2})^{2} + c(p - a_{i})^{2}.$$

[For the purpose of this exercise, take all other costs and revenues of the firms as fixed.] Assume that the parameters b, c, p are > 0, and that the amount of pollution produced by each firm must be nonnegative.

1. Formulate this situation as a game, and calculate a Nash equilibrium (NE) of the game. Is it unique?

2. Is the NE that you found in Part 1 Pareto-efficient, from the point of view of the 2 firms? Give a proof of your answer.

3. Suppose that this game is repeated. Find an equilibrium of the repeated game that is Pareto-superior (from the point of view of the two firms) to your equilibrium of Part 1. Make whatever further assumptions you need for your analysis.